The Bombay Gazette

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

No. 11,528 New Series. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1885.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.



PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captains.	FRIDAY 1885.
M. ROME	5013	1000	G. F. Cates	13th Nov.
L. CLYDE	4124	800	E. M. Edmond	20th "
—GWALIOR	2733	500	P. Harris	27th "
L. HYDASPES	2984	500	G. Scrivener	4th Dec.
M. PARRAMATTA	4759	900	W. D. Anderson	11th "
L. ANCONA	3128	601	R. G. Murray	18th "
—NIZAM	2726	500	W. J. Webber	25th "

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	On 1885.
MIRZAPORE	3887	600	R. Harvey	13th Nov.
CATHAY	2983	500	J. P. Hassall	27th "
NEPAUL	3536	600	T. J. Alderton	11th Dec.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, October 14, 1885.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON via Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or via Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent :—
First Class, Rs. 680. Second Class, Rs. 370.

Coupons for the Railway journey must be taken before leaving India.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, March 27, 1885.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount. To Marseilles Rs. 20, 10, and 5 extra, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively, from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

	Tons.	H.P.	
DOMENICO BALDUINO (late China)	5,000	850	1st Dec. 1885
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	850	1st Jan. 1886
MANILLA	5,000	850	1st Feb. 1886

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days to London via Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples, are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Nov. 3, 1885.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.



BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

*s. s. ASIA .... 3550 480 J. Craig .... 20th Nov.
* Calling at Malta.

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, Nov. 10, 1885. Agents.

HAVE A LOOK

AT OUR SILVER LEVER WATCH at Rs. 35 before buying, and you will give it the preference before any other.

The Watch as it is now, is the result of 20 years experience in the Indian watch trade, and we guarantee it to be the most perfect watch ever offered to the public for such a small outlay.

Being the manufacturers ourselves, the buyer obtains the watch from first hand. This explains its cheapness.

The Watches are of medium size in heavy engine turned silver cases, either hunting or half hunting. Guarantee 3 years.

To be obtained only direct from our firms at Bombay, Calcutta, and Secunderabad.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to or having CLAIMS against the ESTATE of the late LIEUTENANT D. F. R. ANCKETILL, 2nd D. C. O. Belooch Regiment, who died at Karachi on the 26th August, 1885, are requested to communicate with the undersigned within one month from this date, after which no claims can be recognised.

G. F. BRYANT, Lt.-Colonel,
2nd D. C. O. Belooch Regt,
President Committee of Adjustment.
Hderabad (Sind), 1st November, 1885.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

MISCELLANEOUS STORES, COUNTRY PRODUCE, &c.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of Miscellaneous Stores, articles of Country Produce, &c., required by the Company during the twelve months commencing 1st January, 1886.

Forms of Tenders may be obtained, samples seen, and further particulars learned upon application at the Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

Sealed Tender will be received by the Agent at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gunfire) on Wednesday the 2nd December next, after which hour no Tenders will be received.

No notice will be taken of any tender unless accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 100 in cash or Government Promissory Notes, and this amount will, in the event of any portion of the tender being accepted, be retained to the extent of 10 per cent. upon the estimated aggregate amount of such accepted articles, as Security for due fulfilment of Contract.

The Agent reserves to himself the right to select one or more items from any tender without reference to others in the same tenders, and he does not bind himself to accept the whole or any portion of any tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 20th October, 1885.

THE BHOWNUGGER COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that between 2 p. m. and 4 p. m. on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November 1885, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Hummum Street, Bombay, has been fixed by the Chairman of the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company, held on the 26th day of October 1885, and adjourned to the 31st day of October 1885, as the TIME and PLACE for TAKING the POLL which was demanded at the said Extraordinary General Meeting upon the following Resolution :—

"1. That the Liquidators be and they are hereby "empowered to do all acts and exercise all powers "comprised in Sections 101 and 202 of the Indian Com-"panies' Act 1882."

Notice is hereby also given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders in the said Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Hummum Street, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, 1885, at 3 o'clock p. m., to confirm the following Resolution which was passed at the said Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company held on the 26th day of October, 1885 and adjourned to the 31st day of October 1885, viz.

"1. That the Bhownugger Cotton Manufacturing "Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily under "the provisions of the Indian Companies' Act 1882."

And also to pass the following Resolution :—

"That every power which could be exercised by "the Liquidators jointly shall or may in the case of "the absence at any time from Bombay of one or more "of the Liquidators be exercised by any three or more "of the Liquidators for the time being present in "Bombay without the consent or concurrence of the "Liquidator or Liquidators, who may at such time be "absent from Bombay as aforesaid."

By Order of the Directors,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & Co.,
Secretaries, Bhownuggur Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ld.
No. 7, Hummum Street, Bombay, November 5, 1885.

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:
TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER

AT THE FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,

BEING

A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,

WITH

An Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.

Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna.

Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—



FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "BURMAH," 1,081 tons, on FRIDAY, 13th November, at 11 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangarole, Pore Bunder, and Cutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on MONDAY, 16th November, at 11 a. m, (unless delayed by nonarrival of outward English Mail,) calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ARCOT," 1,782 tons, on THURSDAY, 12th November, at 4 p. m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 10th November, 1885. Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING TICKETS.



PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED good for one or more passengers, any day, from any Railway Station in India to all parts of Europe, Egypt, Palestine, Japan, America, Australia, &c., allowing breaks of journey any where *en route* and available by ALL TRAINS AND ANY LINE OF STEAMER.

Through Bookings to London *at the lowest possible fares.* Quotations and every information re Quarantine, Steamer Sailings, Sleeping Cars, &c., freely given. Cook's Coupons for nearly 800 Hotels. Pamphlet of routes with map, Ans. 4, post free.

Address—THOMAS COOK & SON,
BOMBAY : RAMPART-ROW, OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.
CALCUTTA : 10½, Old Court House Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S CHERRY-BRANDY,

MADE from selected Kent Morellas, is of its kind the finest Liqueur imported
Cash Rs. 2-12 per bottle.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S MILK PUNCH.

FOR COCK-TAILS AND PICK-ME-UPS.
Per doz. Rs. 24 Cash.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

PETIT MEDOC CLARET

POSSESSES GOOD BODY WITH PLEASING FLAVOUR.

TREACHER and Co.'s importation of this wine is unequalled at the price; the great demand and the good repute it has obtained sufficiently testifies to its excellence.

Per doz. Cash, qts. Rs. 13, pints Rs. 7-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Limited,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

DREHER'S VIENNA BEER,

IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

THIS BEER has obtained a world-wide reputation, and is without an equal in the Indian Market.

Per doz. Qts. Rs. 6-4 ; Pts. Rs. 4-2, cash.

SOLE AGENTS
TREACHER AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

KEMP & CO., Ld.,
CUMBALLA HILL.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.
NEW YEAR CARDS.
BIRTHDAY CARDS.

OUR selection of the above Cards, Books, Sachets, etc., cannot be surpassed in Bombay. Their various prices (from 2 annas to Rs. 4-8) bring them within the range of all who seek these appropriate reminders of the Coming Season.

We would advise purchasers to see our Stock before making their selection.

KEMP & CO., Ld.,
CUMBALLA HILL.

IODISED SARSAPARILLA.

THE extraordinary efficacy of this combination as a BLOOD PURIFIER and RESTORER cannot be too highly estimated. In the treatment of all kinds of diseases arising from impurities in the blood it is invaluable.

Price per bottle, Re. 1-8.

ELIXIR CASCARA SAGRADA

has had a long and favourable reputation as a Laxative and Tonic.

It gives relief in cases of habitual Constipation.
Re. 1-8 per bottle.

ELIXIR OF PEPSINE, BISMUTH AND NUX VOMICA.

This preparation is a combination of three useful remedies in a most palatable form, and will be found very efficacious in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia.

Per bottle, Rs. 2.

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

HANDKERCHIEF PERFUMES,

ALWAYS ON HAND.
DIRECT FROM THE CHIEF PERFUMERS OF THE DAY.
The selection comprises—

BREIDENBACH'S WOOD VIOLET.
BAYLEY'S ESS. BOUQUET.
DALMAHOY'S CURIOUS ESSENCE.
GREENSILL'S MONA BOUQUET.

FORGET-ME-NOT.	FRANGIPANNI.
JASMINE.	JOCKEY CLUB.
KISS-ME-QUICK.	MILLEFLEUR.
WHITE ROSE.	MOSS ROSE.
OPOPONAX.	YLANG YLANG.
CAPE JASMINE.	LAUGHING WATER.
SPRING VIOLETS.	SHAMROCK NOSEGAY.
RONDELETIA.	EDELWEISS.

GENUINE EAU-DE-COLOGNE,
all sizes.
THOMSON & TAYLOR'S LAVENDER WATER.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

S E L T Z O G E N E S

OF improved construction, protected by tinned wire for the production of Aërated Waters.

Three pint capacity	Five pint capacity
Rs. 12.	Rs. 16-8.

PACKETS CONTAINING ONE DOZEN.
Charges for the above.

Three pint	Five pint
Rs. 2 12 per pkt.	Rs. 3-8 per pkt.

	Rs. a.
Pure Tartaric Acid in Crystals...Per lb. bottle	2 4
Pure Bicarbonate of Soda .... ,, 1½ lb. ,,	1 4
Boxwood Measures, to accurately measure Acid and Soda Powders...	1 0 and 1 4

FRUIT SYRUPS

Having the full flavour of the fresh fruit and when mixed with aërated water made by the above machine, form delicious beverages for the Hot Season

Raspberry syrup	Lemon syrup
Strawberry ,,	Pineapple ,,
Ginger ,,	Nectar ,,
Vanilla ,,	Tonic ,,

Per bottle 14 as. and Re. 1-8.
Roses Lime Juice Cordial per bot. Re. 1.
Monserrat Lime Juice per bot. Re. 1 and 1-12.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE.

1—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, Bom. C. S.

PRIC EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at the office and at the book-sellers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

Business Manager.................Mr. N. Salinger.
Stage Manager ....Mr. Arthur Rigby.

THE
ENGLISH OPERA BOUFFE COMPANY.
ANOTHER GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12.
H. M. S. PINAFORE.

WEDNESDAY, NO PERFORMANCE.

Reserved Seats at SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

TOWN HALL.

TO-NIGHT, WEDNESDAY, AT 9.
AND SATURDAY NEXT AT 9,
STARTLING EXPERIMENTS
IN
DIVINING UNUTTERED THOUGHTS
BY
MR. STUART CUMBERLAND,
THE CELEBRATED THOUGHT- READER.

☞ WHAT MR. CUMBERLAND WILL DO.

MR. CUMBERLAND will reproduce in all its complex details a *murder tableau* first enacted by distinguished members of the audience.

MR. CUMBERLAND will find Pins and objects hid, during his absence from the hall, by members of the committee.

MR. CUMBERLAND will tell the number of a bank-note thought of by a member of the audience.

MR. CUMBERLAND will diagnose the seat of a pain from which any person present may be suffering from.

MR. CUMBERLAND will do what no one else has ever before done in Bombay, and which every intelligent person in the city must be desirous of witnessing.

Price Rs. 5 and Rs. 3. Tickets at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

ANTWERP DIRECT.



STEAM-SHIP "CAMBODIA," 3,000 tons, now loading "L" shed, Prince's Dock, will sail for Antwerp about 18th November. Has splendid accommodation for First Class Passengers. Apply to Captain WILDGOOSE on board, or to

JAMES MACKINTOSH & Co.,
Agents.

NOTICE.—DURING the COMPLETION of the NEW BYCULLA BRIDGE approaches all traffic between the Byculla Station and Clare Road should go by Shepherd's Road.

E. C. K. OLLIVANT,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 10th Nov. 1885.

CHUBB'S PATENT PAPER-BOXES,

Fitted with Chubb's Patent Detector Lock.

No. 1—14 by 8 by 5	Rupees	22-8
No. 2—15 by 9½ by 6	,,	24-12
No. 3—17 by 11 by 7	,,	27-0
No. 4—18 by 12½ by 8	,,	30-0

If fitted with Pen-tray and Screw-top Glass Inkstand, Rs. 4-8 extra.

Illustrated Price-list free by post.
SOLE AGENT IN BOMBAY,
EDULJEE PESTONJEE,
47, Parsee Bazaar-street, Fort.

THE LAKHMIDAS KHIMJI SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 27, APOLLO STREET, FORT, on Thursday, the 19th November, 1885, at 4 p. m., for the purpose of transacting the following business :—

I. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending the 30th June, 1885.

II. To elect Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

III. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 10th to 20th instant, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,

લખમીદાશ ખીમજી શનશની કંપની,

i. e. LAKHMIDAS KHIMJI SONS & COMPANY,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Bombay, 10th November, 1885.

TO SUIT ALL SIGHTS
BEST PEBBLE SPECTACLES.

CATARACT SPECTACLES.
Concave Spectacles (for short sight)
Convex Spectacles (for long sight)
Concave or Convex Eye-glasses, single
" " " folders
Eye Preserver, or Goggles, Blue, Green, Neutral and Smoke-coloured.

COOPER, MADON & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., Ld.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ÆRATED WATERS, &c.,
PRICE LISTS OF THEIR STOCK,
WHOLESALE AND GENERAL,
Sent free on receipt of a Card.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

HUGGINS' OZONE PAPER,

For the immediate Relief and subsequent Cure of ASTHMA, CHRONIC-BRONCHITIS, AND BRONCHITIC-ASTHMA,
Per packet Rs. 2.

OZONE CIGARETTES.

The Cigarettes are made of porous paper saturated with the same Chemical Solution as the Ozone Paper, and are intended for use when the Ozone Paper is inconvenient.

Per Box Re. 1-12.

COOPER, MADON & CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

INSTANTANEOUS
M A G I C
H A I R D Y E,

QUICK IN ACTION, FREE FROM SMELL, PLEASANT TO APPLY, AND PERMANENT IN USE.

Per Case, Re. 1-8.

COOPER, MADON & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

DYSENTERY ! DIARRHŒA ! !
COMPOUND ESSENCE OF INDIAN BAEL-FRUIT.

A NEW but specific and unfailing remedy for acute and chronic Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and Bowel Complaints. It is chiefly composed of Indian Bael-Fruit Essence and other Medicines recommended for the cure of these Diseases.

Per Bottle, As. 8, 14, and Re. 1-8.

COOPER, MADON & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ABDOMINAL BELTS

For Wearing during and after Pregnancy.

		Rs.	A.
All Elastic, stout Thread, to draw on, No. 1 ...		6	0
Do. do. do. No. 2 ...		7	0
No. *a.*	Double stout Cantils Lady's Belt, to lace at back	3	12
Do. *b.*	do. do. long bands to draw on...	3	12
Do. *c.*	do. do. expanding back regulated by buttons	4	0
Do. *d.*	do. Satteens do. do. do.........	4	8
Do. 1.	do. do. Two braces to buckle in front to draw on......	7	0
Do 2.	do. do. do. do. lace band round belt......	7	8
Do. 3.	do. do. expanding back regulated by buttons to draw on ...	6	0
Do. 4.	do. do. do. do. do. to lace	8	0
Do. 5*b.*	do. do. do. front and side bands to buckle and draw up	8	0
Do. 5.	Drab Satin, scarlet flannel front and side, to button in front	7	0
Do. 6.	Best Moleskin, &c., as No. 3	8	8
Do. 6*a.*	do. do. do. do. 4	9	8
Do. 7.	White-thread elastic woven front to draw on	8	8
Do. 10.	Pink Silk do. do. do. to lace...	12	8
Do. 12.	White Pearl Silk do. do. do. ...	15	0
Do. 13.	New Improved Washable Belt, elastic, can be taken out ...	9	8
Do. 17.	Plated siffening	7	8

☞ Telephone No. 39.

COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

H A N D S O M E   P R E S E N T S.

TREACHER & Co., Ld., are now offering for sale a large and varied selection of ARTICLES suitable for PRESENTATION in the newest and most elegant designs; purchased personally by their Special Agent from the leading House in LONDON, PARIS, and VIENNA.

GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLERY

Bracelets	Ladies' Chains	Pen and Pencil Cases
Brooches	Ladies' Collarettes	Rings, Gipsy, Mizpah, &c.
Brooch Pendants and Earrings	Ladies' Jewelled Rings	Scarf Pins
Cigar Cutters	Ladies' Necklets	Sleeve Links
Crosses	Lockets and Earrings	Solitaires
Demi Suites	Lockets	Studs and Links
Earrings	Masonic Charms	Thimbles
Gentlemen's Albert Chains	Mourning Rings	Trinkets
Jewelled Pencil Cases	Necklets	Wedding Rings

SILVERWARE.

Babies' Ring, Bells, and Whistles	Cigarette Cases	Scent Bottles
Card Cases	Goblets and Beer Mugs	Salvers
Christening Presents	Match Boxes	Sugar Basins
Cigar Cases	Napkin Rings	Tea and Coffee Services
Children's Mugs	Salt Cellars	Tea Spoons

ELECTRO-PLATED AND BRITISH OAK WARE.

Asparagus Helpers	Egg Frames	Nut Crackers
Beer Jugs and Mugs	Entre Dishes	Oil and Vinegar Frames
Biscuit Boxes	Epergnes	Pickle Prongs or Forks
Brandy and Sodawater Frames	Etnas	Salad Bowls and Servers
British Oak Ware	Fish Knives and Carvers	Salt Cellars
Butter Dishes and Coolers	Flower and Fruit Stands	Salvers
Cabinet Dessert Sets	Goblets and Golf Cups	Sardine Boxes
Cake Baskets	Grape Scissors	Side Dishes
Candlesticks	Ice Claws and Tongs	Sodawater Frames
Carlton Cruets	Ice Jelly and Custard Frames	Spirit and Liqueur Frames
Champagne Buckets	Ice Jugs and Pails	Sugar Baskets
Cheese Scoops	Ice Water Urns	Sugar and Cream Frames
Chutney and Soy Frames	Jam and Marmalade Jars	Tankards
Cigar Lamps	Liqueur Frames	Tantalus Liquor Frames
Claret Jugs	Luncheon Trays	Tart, Pie, or Pudding Dishes
Cruet Frames	Majolica Ware	Tea Caddies
Crumb Scoops	Marmalade and Preserve Stands	Tea and Coffee Services
Dessert Fruit Spoons	Miniature Tea and Coffee Services	Tilting Sets
Dessert Stands	Muffineers	Toast Racks
Dinner Cruets	Napkin Rings	Tripartite Vegetable Dishes
Doulton Ware		Worcester Ware

FANCY LEATHER GOODS.

Albums	Gladstone Bags	Pincushions
Aneroid Barometers	Glove and Handkerchief Boxes	Pocket Letter Cases
Ash Trays	Glove Stretchers, Ivory	Pocket Wallets
Barometers	Housewifes	Purses
Binocular Glasses	Ivory-backed Hair Brushes	Scrap Books
Blotting Books and Cases	Jewel Cases	Sets of Scissors
Cabinet Photo. Frames	Ladies' Etui	Smokers' Companions
Card Cases and Trays	Ladies' Hand Bags	Tantalus Perfume Cases
Carriage Clocks	Ladies' Waist Belts	Telescopes
Cigar and Cigarette Cases	Memo. Books and Letter Cases	Travelling Bags all kinds
Desks and Work Case	Necessaries, Etui, &c	Travelling Spirit Flasks
Dressing Cases and Bags	Official Writing and Letter Cases	Watch Stands
Fancy Tobacco Boxes	Pen Trays	Work Boxes and Baskets
Fans	Perfume Cases	Writing Cases and Desks
Fitted Bags, all kinds	Photograph Frames	

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

J. NEUBERG'S
INDIAN CIGAR FACTORY.
NEW CROP! FRESH STOCK!
OF
CHEROOTS AND CIGARS,

Manufactured of choicest Trichinopoly and Dindigul Tobacco, carefully selected from the NEW SEASON'S CROP, to the high-class quality of which, he would respectfully draw the special attention of SMOKERS.

The different Brands held in stock are all *specialities*, of superb finish, and GUARANTEED quality, and Mr. NEUBERG is confident that they will meet that approval from connoisseurs he has always studied to indulge.

CHEROOTS.	Per 1,000	Per 100	CIGARS.	Per 1,000	Per 100
THOMSON'S PRIME	Rs. 22 0	Rs. 2 8	PREMIERS	Rs. 27 0	Rs. 3 0
Do. No. 1	,, 19 0	,, 2 2	REGALIAS	,, 24 0	,, 2 12
DAWSON'S PRIME	,, 20 0	,, 2 4	LONDRES	,, 22 0	,, 2 8
Do. No. 1	,, 18 0	,, 2 0	FAVORITAS	,, 20 0	,, 2 4
PASHAS No. 1	,, 20 0	,, 2 4	PRINCIPES	,, 18 0	,, 2 0
Do. No. 2	,, 18 0	,, 2 0	CONCHAS	,, 18 0	,, 2 0
NONPAREIL	,, 15 0	,, 1 12			

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR

Have always on hand a good assortment of
"TOILET REQUISITES,"
comprising :

SOAPS,	PERFUMES,	POMADES,
TOOTH POWDERS,	EAU DE COLOGNE,	HAIR WASHES,
TOOTH PASTE,	TOILET VINEGAR,	HAIR BRUSHES,
TOOTH BRUSHES,	RAZORS,	NAIL BRUSHES,
BATH GLOVES,	STROPS,	CLOTHES BRUSHES

And other articles too numerous to detail.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c.

A COMPLETE assortment of these Goods may now be selected from, to remedy every variety of defective vision, and to fulfil the prescriptions of Ophthalmic Surgeons. They may be ordered by either the Metric or the ordinary numbers. These lenses are cut with great precision and may be relied on for refractive accuracy.

SPECTACLES.

Best *pebbles*, for Long or Short Sight.

	Rs.	
In Gold Frames, 18-carat	27	0
In Aluminium Frames	6	0
In Blue Steel Frames	6	0

Finest Optical Glass for Long, Short and Stigmatic Sight.

In Nickel-plated Incorrodible Frames, with White, Blue, or Smoke-tinted Lenses ...Rs. 5 0
(Cylindrical Lenses will be fixed to any angle.)

PINCES-NEZ.

Best *pebble*, for Long or Short Sight.

	Rs.	
In 18-carat Gold Frames, non-pressure Spring, resting very lightly on the face	26	0
In Silver Gilt Frames	10	0
In Tortoise-shell Turn-pin Frames	8	0

Finest Optical Glass for Long, Short and Stigmatic Sight.

	Rs.	
In Nickel-plated Incorrodible Frames, with White, Blue, and Smoke-tinted Lenses	5	0
Skeleton Folders, Springs and Attachments riveted on lens	3	0

Morocco Cases and Silk Cords supplied.

ARTIFICIAL EYES,

A large assortment of HUMAN, ANIMALS and BIRDS, always in stock.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

GRAND SQUARE
SYMPATHETIC PIANOS,

MANUFACTURED TO ORDER, EXPRESSLY FOR INDIA, BY
R. LIPP & SON OF STUTTGART.
FURTHER SHIPMENT JUST TO HAND.
Price Rs. 600, Nett Cash.
Packing in Tin-Lined Case Rs. 25.
GUARANTEED TO WITHSTAND THE SEVEREST TEST OF CLIMATE.
DIPLOMA OF HONOUR
(Highest Award)
ANTWERP EXHIBITION, 1885.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

NOVELTIES.

THE PAPER-WEIGHT TIMEPIECE.

THIS very portable TIMEPIECE is so constructed that it can be used as a Paper-weight, is a most useful and handsome appendage to an Office-table or Library. It goes in any position with unvarying regularity and is enclosed in a neat morocco case. The winding is acted upon by a permanently fixed key. Self registers dates. Supplied in a neat morocco case complete.

Rs. 35.

THE ROULETTE WATCH.

This Watch is encased in strong Nickel Silver and, besides being an accurate Time-keeper, has on the reverse a Roulette Dial which can be acted upon by a spring. Keyless. Complete in case with 2 years' guarantee.

Rs. 30.

THE RACE-GAME WATCH.

This Watch is encased in strong Nickel Silver and, besides being an accurate Time-keeper, has on the reverse a Dial with the "Horse-Race Game," which can be acted on by a visible spring. Keyless. Complete in case with 2 years' guarantee.

Rs. 30.

THE "POPULAR" WATCH

In strong Nickel Case, Keyless, Sunk Winding Button, has the same appearance as one of our Original Keyless Lever Campaign Watches."

Rs. 15.

NOTE.—Repairs of Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, Jewellery, &c., &c., most efficiently executed by trained workmen.

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,
MANUFACTURING GOLD & SILVER SMITHS,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,
OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK-TOWER,
BOMBAY.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON AND ISLAY rank, amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft Spirit, genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from Scotland, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen, Rs. 23 ; per bottle, Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAGIC PAVILION

OPPOSITE THE BORI-BUNDER STATION.

TO-NIGHT,

and every night grand performance by Trioptican Dissolving Views Apparatus, where a Series of sceneries and life-like objects will be shown never before witnessed in India.

Don't lose the opportunity.

Prices to suit everybody.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAI VIRBAI, widow of the late Mr. DINSHAW JEHANGIR BUXY of Bombay, Parsee, has contracted to SELL the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim thereto by way of inheritance, sale, gift, mortgage, or otherwise, are required to make the same known to the undersigned in writing at their office, No. 7, Rampart Row, Fort, within 14 days from this day, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as having been waived.

All that piece of land with the tenement and building standing thereon, situate on the Baboola Tank Road, on the south side of Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy's Hospital, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Subdistrict of Mandvi, containing by admeasurement 13,800 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on or towards the north by the Parsonage House, on or towards the south partly by the Baboola Tank Road and partly by the property of Mahomed Nabi Khan, on or towards the east partly by the Parsonage House and partly by the property of the said Mahomed Nabi Khan, and on or towards the west by the premises belonging to Sir Jamsetjee Jeejebhoy's Hospital, and which said premises are registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 455.—Dated this 10th day of November, 1885.

ARDESIR AND HORMUSJEE,
Purchaser's Solicitors.

NOTICES

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to

OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.
Apollo Street, Bombay.

NOTICE.

ATTENTION is invited to the advertisement in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* of the Commissary of Ordnance in Charge Arsenal, Madras, for the SUPPLY of TENTS of the Ordnance Establishments at Madras, Rangoon and Bellary.

F. J. MORTIMER, Lieutenant-Colonel, R. A.,
Commissary of Ordnance in Charge.

NOTICE

HAVING entered into direct communication with the LEADING CONTINENTAL EXPORTERS of WINES and SPIRITS, we are now able to offer our Importations of the same at MODERATE PRICES, and which we GUARANTEE as SOUND and GENUINE.

Special terms to Regimental Messes, Clubs, and the Trade.

See detailed Wine Advertisement and for Price List please apply to

BARTON & CO., Limited,
WINE, PROVISION AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.
Church-gate-street, Bombay.

GOLD MEDAL TEA.

TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGLE.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE.

CALLIAN MOTEE & Co.,
FANCY MART, PICQUET-ROAD,
Near the old Sailors' Home.

CALLIAN MOTEE & Co. beg to inform the public that from MONDAY, the 9th instant, for a period of fifteen days, GOODS of various description WILL BE SOLD at CONSIDERABLY REDUCED PRICES to make room for fresh Stock expected shortly. All the pieces have the prices marked on them per yard, and Constituents are requested to make offers for any goods they may require.

No reasonable offer will be declined.

THE GOODS CONSIST OF—
LADIES' REQUISITES—BONNETS, FEATHERS, GLOVES, LACES, SILKS, SATINS, POMPADOURS, CHECKS, MERINOES and other Cloths too numerous to mention.

A TRIAL INSPECTION IS SOLICITED.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

Fixed Deposits received to a Limited extent on the following terms :—

6	per cent per annum subject to	18 months	notice of withdrawal.
5½		12 ,,	
5		9 ,,	
3½		6 ,,	

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Managing Director.
9, Elphinstone Circle

S P E C T A C L E S.

Convex (Real Brazilian Pebbles.)

		Rs.	as.
To aid failing or aged sight, in best blued steel frames, with case	Per pair	6	0
In double gilt frames	,,	9	0

Concave.

To assist near-sighted persons	,,	6	0
In double gilt frames	,,	9	0

PHILLIPS & COMPANY, LD.,
CHEMISTS TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

Deeply Concave.

		Rs.	as.
For cases of excessive near-sightedness with case	,,	7	

For Cataract.

Of various foci, in best blued steel frames ... per pair Rs. 14-0 and 15 0

S P E C T A C L E S.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.
Price Re. 1, Postage half anna.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—No exceeding 3 lines Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

MAHABLESHWUR READY-LAID DAK. —Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

PEROSHAW BURJORJEE, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier, to H. E. the Rt. Hon'ble Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay. Most comfortable Phaeton and Tonga. Dawks ready laid for Mahableshwar, Panchgani and Satara, on moderate terms. Address Main-street, Poona.

CHINESE JACK STRAWS.—A game 3,000 years old. As. 12.—BARTON & CO., Limited, Bombay and Poona.

BUY YOUR TOYS, Dolls, Xmas Cards and other Christmas presents at SHROFF BROTHERS, and see what percentage you save on them.

JUJUBES—Monster Drops, per lb. annas 8 ; Dew Drops, annas 10; Sweets, 3 lbs. for Rupee. Jams, Stores, &c., very cheap. SHROFF BROTHERS.

CUTLERY, Rogers', Table and Dessert Knives, annas 5 each German Silver Forks, Table ; annas 8; Dessert, annas 7; Tea, annas 4. Everything cheap. SHROFF BROTHERS.

BARGAIN.—Messrs. SHROFF BROTHERS have got up a case containing 50 pieces of Toys and Fancy Articles suitable for Xmas presents for only Rs. 15. Trial solicited.

SPONGES.—Honey Comb and Bath, a thousand varieties to select from, all sizes, from anna 1 to Rs. 5 per piece. Cheapest offered. SHROFF BROTHERS.

FOR SALE, a Hall's PORTABLE TYPE-WRITER in perfect order. Rs. 80. Apply to Col. SPARKS, Bombay.

ICES.—Three kinds of Ices every day, Wines and Spirits, Fresh Pastry, Comfits, Ham, Cheese, Bacon. MORENAS & CO.

MYRRH ANTISEPTIC TOOTH-POWDER.—Beautifies the teeth, preserves them from decay and accumulation of tartar.—COLLETT & Co. Ld. Price 12 annas per box.

CRYSTOLEUM PICTURES, crewel painted and metallic lustre cushions, crystoleum, canvasine, metallic lustre goods. Novelty worth buying—Pestonjee Sorabjee and Co., No. 33, Medow-street.

5 YEARS GUARANTEED.—Our Patent Lever Keyless Silver Watches for Rs. 30 and Rs. 35, are guaranteed for their movements for five years, perfectly reliable time-keepers—at STEWARD & Co., 2, Church-gate-street.

WANTED, a MANAGER for the Bombay Saw Mills Co. No one need apply who has not had practical experience in using Timber. Applications, with copies of testimonials, to be addressed to EWART, LATHAM & Co., Secretaries and Treasurers, Bombay.

TROUSERS STRETCHERS.—Fresh supply just to hand. Price Rs. 6 each.—BADHAM, PILE & Co. Ld.

TO LET, from 1st December, 4th floor, 103 Frere-road, at present occupied by Mr. T. DREWET. Apply on the premises.

TOM SAYERS GRAND BOHEMIAN BAND at TEMPLE BAR, TO-NIGHT, at 9. Admission to Gallery, Re. 1.

FOR SALE, GERMAN ASPARAGUS, smoked Sausages, Brussels Sprouts and Celery. Apply to C. FLEMMING, 12, Meadow-street.

ADELPHI HOTEL, BYCULLA, near the Byculla and Grant-road Railway Stations. situate in a quiet locality, large airy Rooms.

REDUCED PRICES.—Trimmed Hats and Bonnets. Mrs. COULSON, Milliner and Dressmaker, Carnac-road, near Crawford Market.

PERRIER JOUET, B Brand, reserve cuvee Champagne, Magnums Rs. 114; Quarts Rs. 57 and Pints Rs. 30-8 per dozen. Apply, LYON and Co.

CEYLON TEA.—Rangalla Estate. Sample Tins of 6lbs. can be obtained from the Wholesale Agents, PHIPSON & Co., Bombay. Rs. 7-8 per tin.

JAMS, &c.—Red Currant Jelly, Black Currant Jelly, Marmalade, Strawberry, and Raspberry Jam, Apple Jam, &c.—PEARSE, Apollo-street.

WANTED, by a single gentleman about 1st December a light and airy bed and bath room, with board in the Fort. State terms. X. Y. Z., *Bombay Gazette.*

ICES, ICES.—Four sorts daily; every day different kinds. Wines and spirits of the best quality to be had only at VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, Church-gate-street.

HOMEWARD BOUND.—Gladstone Bags, Deck Chairs Portmanteaus, Overland Trunks. Most moderately priced. JOHN MAHOMED and Co., 16, Meadow-street, Fort.

BAEL FRUIT PRESERVE.—An elegant remedy for bowel complaint, a remedy for chronic Dysentery and Diarrhœa.—FERNANDES & Co, Chemists, &c., Bombay.

PARUCK'S FANCY BAZAAR, Esplanade Cross-road. Fresh consignment of albums, glassware, crockery-ware, cutlery, and fancy table ornaments, dolls, and toys, &c., &c.

£6 466 527-17-5 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Life Office. Claims by death paid last year £549,974-10-10 Stg.

WANTED a light cool bed and bath room in the Fort, by a single gentleman, with or without board, furnished or unfurnished. State terms. Address M. D., this paper.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS.—Furniture coverings in Tapestry, Damask, Reps, Cretonnes, Chintz, etc.—JOHN ROBERTS & CO., General House Furnishers, 18, Marine-street.

CLEARANCE SALE.—Hurgovun Vanmali & Co., Esplanade Cross-road, are closing their millinery and dressing department and disposing of their stock for next to nothing. Come early.

BEST, cheapest House in Bombay for Gold, Silver Jewellery, Phulkaris, Persian Carpets, Indian shawls, Bukhara stone, Necklace (a New Novelty.)—Herjimull & Co., Rampart-row, Bombay.

KEROSINE OIL, for cash only, 130 Degrees Snow flake, Rs. 4-12, Refined 125 Degrees Rs. 3-12, for sale Apply to NANSEE KHYRAZ & Co., 13, Meadow-street. One case contains two Tins of Oil.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE AMBRISH MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound, Rs. 2-8; postage, 4 annas.

LADIES' BLACK SATIN PARASOLS, lined with cardinal, old gold, and cream ornamented handles and beautifully edged with Lace. Rs. 3-12 to be had only at the Cash Bazaar, Limited, Fort.

ATTENTION! SELLING OFF! Zephyrs, Cambrics, & Pompadours, strong and fast possible colour, latest style for ladies' dresses; at 4 annas per yard, net cash or V. P. Samples free on application. Try at Y. A. LACKA & Co.

PRIDE OF VIRGINA TOBACCO, Re 1-8-0 per half pound Tin. TAR HEEL, do., Re 1-8-0 per tin.—PEARSE Apollo-street.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 10.

THE rate of discount in the London Money market comes ⅛ lower at 1⅞ for 3 and 2⅜ for 6 months' bills, but Consols are lower by ⅛, and in the Produce markets no favourable effect is apparent. Seeds are all given as dull by Reuter, but the only actual change in quotations is in Poppy Seed, which is reduced 1s. 6d. per quarter. Wheat is dull, and in No. 2 Club 3d. per quarter lower. Ceylon Cocoanut Oil is 10s. per ton down.

Cotton in Liverpool yesterday closed dull, the sales being 8,000 bales, including 400 Surats. Spot prices show a reduction of 1-16d. in Good and Fine Dhollera, and Americans to arrive are quoted 1-64d. to 1-32d. easier. From New York, however, futures come 13 points higher, and this has rendered sellers here somewhat firmer to-day. Amongst the native dealers some speculative business has been done, but shippers still operate most sparingly, and only when tempted by comparatively low prices. We call the following about current prices here for new crops :—

Good Bengals	Nov.	Rs. 162
Do. do	Dec.	„ 158
Do do	Jany.	„ 156
Good Oomras	March	„ 183
„ Dholleras	April	„ 187
„ Broach	March	„ 211

We hear of the sale of 250 bales ready Good Oomra at Rs.190 per candy, and there is a considerable quantity of this growth and Bengals in sight, a most unusual thing for the first half of November. Further showers are reported from one or two places up-country, but not to an extent to do any harm beyond, perhaps, a little black leaf and stain.

The receipts of Cotton at the American ports are as follows :—

	1885.	1884.	1883.
Two days' receipts	47,000	49,000	57,000
Three days' do.	76,000	81,000	91,000
Total since 1st Sept	1,735,000	1,765,000	1,816,000

WHEAT is very quiet, and only prevented from giving way in price by the drop which has taken place in Freights. Railway terms the following are about current rates :—

No. 1 Pessy ...... 3. 13 6. at 3-15. New crop 3-15.
No. 1 Club Delhi .. 3-11.
Red Delhi ...... 3-7-6.
Red Admedabad .. 3-11.

LINSEED is dull at Rs. 6-12 ready, and for new crop Rs. 6-4 March, and Rs. 5-15 per cwt. April-May delivery.

FREIGHTS are as dull as ever, and there is very little ready cargo offering. We hear the liners have booked a few hundred tons for Liverpool at 17s. 6d., and relets for Hull, November loading, have been done at 22s. 6d. new scale. The following are market rates :—

	Ready.	Forward
Liverpool	17-6	20 to 22 6
London	18-9	20 to 22-6
Continent, Open Charter, Havre, Dunkirk, Antwerp	20 to 22-6	20-6 to 25
Marseilles	22-6	
Trieste Venice	25 at 2	30 to 35 at 2s.

EXCHANGE has been very quiet all day. Short-dated Bank paper has been obtainable on rather better terms, and for February demand is to be had at 1s. 6 7-32d., although May delivery cannot be got at over the ready rate. Bar Silver Reuter quotes ⅛d. higher in London at 47½d., but this has no effect here, the market distinctly recognising the fact that in the meantime the metal must follow exchange. We quote now :—

		per rupee
Bank Bills on demand	1s. 6 3-16.	
Do. Telegraphic	1s 6 5-32.	„
Do. Three months' sight.	1s. 6 4-32.	„
Credits „ „ „	1s. 6 ⅛.	„
Francs „ „ „	1 91.	

GOVERNMENT Paper is very quiet, with almost nothing doing. Fours ready are down to Rs. 97 3-16 and forward to Rs. 97 1-16. For 4½ per cent the nominal quotation remains at Rs. 99.

SHARES :—There has been a little more life in the market to-day, and some business has been put through in Mill Shares. Prices, however, have in most cases gone rather in favour of buyers. Press Companies show no change. Bombay-Burmah Trading are Rs. 50 lower at Rs. 3,775.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

—	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					720
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 p.ct.	815
Bank of Bengal	12,000	500	all	10 do.	820x
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	587½
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	6 do.	120
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	£58
National Bank of India	37,350	250		5 pct.	106

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	..	900
Akola Press Co.	85	500	500	Rs. 50	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	500	500	Rs. 45	420
Albert Press Kurrachee	220	1,100	1,100	Rs. 175	1,110xd
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 2	300
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	540
Breul's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld.	500	200	20	Rs. 16	150
Bombay Cotton Press.	1,000	125	125	..	195
Colaba Press Co.	50	1,880	1,880	Rs. 600	750
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	500	300	300	12	165
East India Press Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,175
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 150	2,450xd
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 45	60
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	500	500	Rs. 25	50
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	500	500	Rs. 40	450 ½
Manmar Manfg. Co.	1,000	250	250	Rs. 10	250
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	..	132½
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	..	392½
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500	..	550
New Broach Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,400	100	500	..	3
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	..	162½
Prince of W. Press	600	500	100	Rs. 30	527½xd
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 75	450
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 75	640xd
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,250
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	500	25	515
Volkart Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	Rs. 21	640xd

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	1,300	1,000	1,000	...	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	..	425
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	100	100	..	101
Alfred Manf'g. Co.	1,000	500	500	...	325
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,000	..	720
Bellary S.&W.Co.,Ld.	871	500	all	Rs, 22½	500
Bhownuggur Mills	9,000	100	100	...	10
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	..	920
Berar Mf'g. Co., Ld.	2,750	200	2[illegible]	..	18[illegible]
Central India S. & W. Company	3,000	500	50[illegible]	Rs. 3[illegible]	750xd
Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 17½	720xd
Connaught Mills	840	500	500	..	640
Cooria Mills	1,300	1,000	1,000	..	635
City of Bombay	600	1,000	1,000	..	835
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	2,000	..	232½
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	1,000
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,500	500	500	Rs. 25	720
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,250	1,000	1,000	..	635
Golam Baba S. Co.	2,000	500	500	..	390
Gordon Mills	1,032	1,000	1,000	..	175
Hindustan Mills	1,200	1,000	1,000	..	815
Hingunghat Mill Co.	700	500	50	..	695
HydrabadSpinningCo	700	1,000	1,000	Rs 30	1,060xd
Impl.Cotton Mills Co.	400	500	500	..	425
Indian Manufg Co. Ld.	568	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	1,010xd
James Greaves Mills.	100	500	100	..	455
Jaffer Ali Spin. Co.	1,310	500	500	..	451
Jewraz Bhalloo	1,300	1,000	1,000	..	1,070
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	910
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 21	870
Leopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld.	3,500	10	10	Rs. 5	145
Madras United	500	1,000	1,000	160	2550
Mahalukshmi	650	1,000	1,000	..	590
Manockjee Petit's	4,050	1,000	1,000	..	1,165
Mazagon Spinning Co	5,000	25	25	..	200
Morarjee Goculdas	1,150	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	100
National Spinning	600	[illegible]	1,000	—	550
Nizam Cotton Cleaning Co., Ld.	1,000	100	5	..	100
Narayan Cotton Mills	550	1,000	1,000	..	500
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,000	1,000	..	910
Oriental	5,725	625	625	..	575
Pearl S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	400	...	105
People of India S. & W. Company	1,000	25	250	..	170
Prince of Wales Spinning Company.	1,250	500	500	..	120
Queen Spinning	800	1,000	1,000	..	800
Ripon	641	1,000	1,000	..	725
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	..	1,500
Sholapore Mills	678	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	1,325xd
Soonderdas	650	1,000	1,000	..	650
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 12½	405
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,212	250	250	...	230
Victoria Mills	600	1,000	1,000	...	575
Western India S.&M. Company	1,200	1,000	1,000	...	700

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown&Co Ld.	1,000 / 750	200 / 200	200 / 150	10 p.c.	210 / 155
Badham, Pile &Co.,Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs. 18	142
Bapty Co., Ld.	2,625	200	165	Rs. 16	208
Barton & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	10 2-3p.c	92
Do. New issue.	500	100	37½	10 2-3p.c	37½xd
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.	300	500	100		
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	50	500	500	15 p. ct.	670
Bombay Saw Mills	60	1,000	1,000	..	450
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1 250	100	100	Rs. 6	106 / 101
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	3,775
Do. (2nd Issue)	1,000	62	375	60	930
Do. (3rd Issue)	1,000	62	375	..	865
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	6[illegible]	1,000	1,000	25	805
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	6 p.ct.	101
Cash Bazaar	1,500	100	100	..	35
Cooper, Madon & Co. Ld.	3,000	100	100	9½	122
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	Re. 1	
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	..	..	..	34
Kurrachee Ice Co.,Ld.	500	500	30	3½	21
Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Ld.	500	200	200	36 p.c.	340
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26½	302
MechanicsBuildingCo	1,000	50	22	27	
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	9 p ct.	10[illegible]
Napier Foundry and M'fg. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	10[illegible]
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	5	2	60
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	1½	2
Pearse and Co., Ld.	1,000	10	10	8 p. c.	[illegible]
Port Canning Co.	6,000	100	100	Rs. 16	305
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 10	50
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	40	..	54
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	10	100	Rs. 8	9
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,200	2	25	Re. 1	3xd
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	500	Rs. 110	1,110
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100	100	Re. 1	1[illegible]7
Western India Flour Mills	1,00	175	100	12 p.c.	145
M. Mody & Co., Ld.	2,500	200	200	0	205

RAILWAY COMPANIES

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	£100	..	..	£137x
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	..	£100	..	..	£144x

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE ship Cypromene, 1,834 tons, Captain A Robertson, cleared yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE steam-ship Timsah, 40 tons, Capt. G. Langborne, sailed yesterday for Colombo and Trincomalee in ballast.

THE steam-ship Miranda, 1,090 tons, Captain W. Phippen, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mary Port (10th Oct.) with a cargo of railway materials.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steam-ship Khiva, 1419 tons, Captain W. E. Clement, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hongkong (20th Oct.) with a general cargo and 8 deck passengers.

THE B. and P. S. N. Co.'s steam-ship Henry Balkow, 689 tons, Captain Hughes, which arrived in harbour on the 9th inst. from Busreh brought a general cargo, 240 chests opium, 220 horses and 154 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steam-ship Burmah, 675 tons, Captain O.K. Mitchell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kurrachee (7th inst.) with a general cargo and the following passengers :— Maj. Fleury, Mr. Carlton, and 280 deck passenger.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's steam-ship Arabia, 674 tons, Capt. W. H. Rothwell, sailed yesterday for Busreh via Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Lt. Minchin, Lt Huddleston, Col. Crozier, Mr. C. F. White, Mr. and Mrs. Hodgkinson Mr. Mazad bin Hussen, Col. Ward, Diwan Bhiroomul, Mrs. Cunningham and European Nurse, Lt Widdicombe, Lt. C. H. Beville, Col. Le. Mesurier, Asst. Apothy J. A. Judd, E. Fernandes, J. G. Alphonse, J. M. Wedon, Mr. Johnson, Sergt. Bush, wife and two children, M. S. Dawood, Mrs. Prott and three children, one native officer, Mrs. Johnstone and 2 children, and 85 deck passengers.

THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Coy's s. s. Berenice arrived yesterday with the following passengers :—From Trieste.—Mr. F. Lehzen.—Mr. Andreae, Mr. and Mrs Hadenfeld, Mr. and Mrs. W. Bleeck, and child, Mr. W. Grossmann, Mr. R. Cunradi, Mr. A. Hesstofer, Mr. and Mrs. Pelicanus, Mr. Mrs, and Miss Grossmann, and child, Mr. P. Woodhden, Mr. R. Galiva, Rev. Father Van Brech and five missionaries, Mr. Bengelum and child, Rev. Father de Orenak and Rev. Father de Lichtenberg. From Aden.—Mrs. Cawasjee Burjorjee and Mr. and Mrs. Dorabjee Vatcha and child.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
10	Khiva (s)	Clement	Hongkong, Oct. 20.
	Berenice (s)	Verina	Trieste, Oct. 15.
	Burmah (s)	Mitchell	Kurrachee, Oct. 7.
	Miranda (s)	Phippen	Maryport, Oct. 10.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
10	Cypromene	Robertson	Calcutta.
	Timsah (s)	Langborne	Colombo.

The steamer Arabia, Rothwell, obtained her port-clearance yesterday for the Persian Gulf.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Sumatra, for China.
„ Henry Bolckow, the Persian Gulf.
„ Berenice, for Colombo and Calcutta.
„ Burma, for Kurrachee.

DAILY IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 10.

FROM LONDON.

Rome s—8 cases oilmanstore, 2 cases bacon and 2 cases biscuits and cheese, B J Buxey and Co; 4 packages earthenware, King, King and Co; 2 cases medicines, G Nagjee; 10 cases cheese, Benn, Ashley and Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind s—12 cases cognac, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Ancona s—12 cases medicine, the Agra Bank.
Kerbella s—160 kegs white paint, Geo Jennings and Co.
Ravenna s—21 cases oilmanstore and 2 cases perfumery, J Jeewanjee.
Rosetta s—4 cases rum, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Teviot s—5 cases brandy, Bodger Warburton and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Guildford s—50 bundles copper sheets, Gaddum, Bythell and Co; 36 bundles copper sheets, Wallace and Co; 500 boxes bar soap, Abdulally Ebrahim; 50 kegs bicarbonate soda, Hurjee Mooljee and Co; 7 kegs provisions, Bolton and Co; 50 bundles copper sheets, Killick, Nixon and Co; 100 kegs sulphate of copper, A Bhoyjee; 17 packages earthenware and 3 packages glassware, Cassumbhoy Nanjee.

FROM GLASGOW.

Macdonald s—200 barrels rosin, James Galbraith.
Asia s—35 casks white zinc paint, A H Chandabhoy.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Malva s—2 cases saffron Khataw Ludha.

FROM ANTWERP.

Yeddo s—83 kegs iron rose nails, Abdul Hussen Jeewanjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 10.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Merton Hall s—40 bales wool, Mottee Jaitha; 4,000 cwts wheat, Toussaint and Poutillier; 1,600 cwts wheat, Pachoobhoy Tokersey; 5,000 cwts wheat, Finlay, Muir & Co; 6 000 cwts wheat, Poonsey & Co.
Clan Macdonald s—50 bales cotton, 55 bales twist waste, 45 bales cotton fly and 101 bales rags David Sassoon & Co; 56 bales wool, Keeka Khooshal; 250 cwts wet dates, Menahem Messa; 4 000 cwts wheat, Poonsee & Co.

FOR LONDON.

Rome s—159 cwts rapeseed, Pomaji Teja; 11 bales skins, C Jehangir & Co; 305 cwts gum, Walji Poonja & Co; 60 cwts gum, T Javer; 20 cwts peacock feathers, M Mooloobhoy; 10 cases opium, B and P S N Co; 50 bales cotton, Lang Moir &Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Asia s—120 cwts, T Lookmanji.

FOR GENOA.

Carlton Tower s—4,002 cwts gingelly seed and 1,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon & Co; 8.000 cwts wheat, F Masotti & Co; 6,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.

FOR ANTWERP.

Atrato s—4,000 cwts wheat, Lallji Poonse & Co; 2.007 cwts wheat, William Bell & Co; 825 cwts linseed and 150 cwts rapeseed, G Bharmull.
Cambodia s—5,001 cwts linseed, Finlay Muir & Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Rome s—175 cwts wheat flour, Benn Ashley and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Carlton Tower s—1,999 cwts linseed, E Spinners and Co; 9 cwts ivory, Morarji Dayal.
Rome s—4,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR MALTA.

Asia s—16,000 cwts wheat, Tyabjee and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Arcot s—221 bales cotton, Ramjidass Luckmondas; 176 bales cotton, Hurmukray Amuluchund.

FOR KOBE.

Zambesi s—15 bales twist, the Anglo Indian and W Co.
Sumatra s—34 bales twist, G Shobbugmull.

FOR HONGKONG.

Zambesi s—77 cwts sharkfins and fishmaws and one case peacock feather, D Peerbhoy; 74 cwts raisins, A Cumroodin; 51 bales twist, Tata and Co; 35 bales twist, Cursetji Bomanji and Co; 65 bales twist, Ebrahim Noordeen and Co; 55 bales twist, the Anglo Indian S and W Co; 25 bales twist, Ruttonjee Jewraj; 40 bales twist, the Berar Manufg Co; 56 bales twist, A Abraham; 51 bales twist, Haji Ally Sheerazee.
Sumatra s—65 bales twist, the New Prince of Wales S and W Co; 10 bales twist, G Subbugmull; 144 cwts sandalwood, C R Habibbhoy; 230 chest, opium, B and P S N Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Zambesi s—85 bales twist, David Sassoon & Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—Nov. 7.

Peters, Surg-Maj Bo I M D, on field service, from Nasik.

NOVEMBER 10.

Lees, Vety Surg, Bl A V D, on sick leave, from Umballa.

DEPARTURES.—Nov. 10.

Martin, Surg Bo M S, on duty, to Deolali.
Hogg, Lt Col, Bo, Poona Horse, on duty, to Sirur.
Newnham, Lt, Bo, 10th N L I, on duty, to Bhuj.
Ward, Lt-Col, Bo, R H, on duty, to Kurrachee.
Peters, Surg-Maj, Bo I M D, on field service, to Madras.
Beville, Lt, Bo Worcester, to join, to Kurrachee.
Widdicombe, Lt, Bo, Worcester, to join, to Kurrachee.
James, Y A Donel, V S Bo A V D, to join, to Kirkee.
Davis, Surg, Bl M S, on duty, to Deolali.
Norris, Qmr, Bl 1st Infy, Regt, to join Regt, to Kirkee.
Vaghan, Capt, Bl, to join, to Umballa.
Stokes, Lt, Bl, to join, to Umballa.
Crozier, Col, Bl, Oxf L I, from leave, to Quetta.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Major F. S. Hore, Offg. Comdt., B. V. R. C.

Bombay, November 11.

The first Commanding Officer's parade of the season will be held on Saturday, the 14th inst., under Lieut.-Col. L. H. Bayley. Fall in at the Town Hall at 4-30 p.m. sharp. Red uniform with helmets, arms and accoutrements to be worn. Members who are at the tram terminus at Colaba, Byculla, Grant-road, Girgaum, or Prince's Dock at 4 p m., and those met on their way will have their fares paid. Members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying, after parade, to the Instructors. This being the first Commanding Officer's parade of the season, it is expected that all members will do their utmost to be present.

The Mounted Rifles will parade on Thursday, the 12th inst., at the Kennedy Sea-face, near the Churney-road Station, at 7 a.m. At the close of the parade there will be aiming and position drill near the Marine Lines Station.

All members are requested to draw their rifles and accoutrements from Head-quarters as soon as posible.

Vol J P Coinforth having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps, from this date and posted to C Company.

By order,
P. H. HODGKINSON, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M
Extracts teeth under Nitrous Oxide Gas.
NO. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Next to Bombay Gazette Office.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL.
This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried
DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. In buttles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.
, AGENTS WANTED

MR. N. LAZARUS' SPECTACLES.
MR. E. W. WARDE-JONES, Solicitor, Bankipur, Patna, writes :—I have much pleasure in certifying to the value of your Spectacles, which I have used for more than five years now. Before I got your glasses I tried those of SEVERAL OTHER FIRMS, but my eyesight got worse by their use; however, since I got your glasses from your Calcutta firm, five years and more ago, my sight has been preserved, as is evident from the fact that when I called at your firm in Bombay yesterday, the test my sight was subjected to, showed that I did not require glasses of greater power, than those I had been using for the past five years. I cannot speak too highly of the very careful test you put me through before fixing upon the glasses.
Pamphlet with instructions how to get properly suited for mofussil residents, free on application.

N. LAZARUS, Oculist-Optician,
New Buildings, 28, Meadow-street, (Opposite Fort Chapel,) Bombay. | 13, Old Court House Street, and No. 1 Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

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Calcutta Exhibition 1883-84.
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SUBSCRIPTION :—Life Members, Rs. 150; Ordinary Members, Rs. 6 per quarter. Visitors to Bombay are allowed the use of the Reading Room on payment of Rs. 2 per month, or 8 annas per week.
A LIST OF NEW BOOKS RECEIVED IS PUBLISHED IN THIS COLUMN EVERY MONDAY

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

PRICE—November 9, of bronchitis, Albert Hunter, the beloved son of A. H. D. and M. A. Price, aged 11 months.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1885

LORD SALISBURY'S reference to the Burmese question at the Mansion House on Lord Mayor's Day was couched in terms of such noteworthy moderation that it seems difficult to realise that it was made on the eve of a campaign. Our object, he said, would be to cause as little alteration to be made in Burmah as would be consistent with the interests of the Burmese and of the British Empire. These are almost peaceful words, but in spite of them it seems impossible to hope that the problem which lies before us will be solved in a peaceful way. King Theebaw's answer, as Lord Salisbury probably knew when he addressed the Lord Mayor and his guests, is an evasive, dilatory answer; and in a matter of this kind, and in a controversy with such a monarch as he, evasion and delay are equivalent to refusal. General Prendergast's force will cross the frontier at once, or as soon as they are ready, and we shall once more have a Burmese war on our hands. All that Lord Salisbury's restrained and discriminating words mean is that the Government, while committed to war, will encompass the war and the obligations arising out of it with as many limitations as may be consistent with good policy. The observation is, in truth, of a somewhat general kind; but it is quite definite enough to encourage on-lookers who have hoped that the full responsibilities of annexation will be avoided. Lord Salisbury's language admits of the expectation that there will be no lack of firmness in dealing with King Theebaw; it admits also of the expectation that we shall take upon us no larger task, as the result of the war, than the actual necessities of the Empire may prescribe. It is a declaration, indeed, that commits us to a step very far short of annexation, whether in whole or in part. It leaves an open door for King Theebaw, if he even yet can bring himself to a reasonable frame of mind, and it throws upon him the responsibility of determining whether the penalty imposed upon him and his kingdom shall be small or large. Obviously it was not for the sake of Theebaw's peace of mind that the Prime Minister spoke thus restrainedly. It is more likely that Lord Salisbury had in view the necessity of moderating a public opinion at home which thinks it not more easy to say "conquer and divide" than to do it, and which regards the annexation of a few thousand square miles of turbulence and misrule as a short and easy way to the maintenance of peace and good order within our borders. Lord Salisbury may seem to belie his reputation in thus revealing a temperament so little in sympathy with annexationist ideas. We were always told to look upon him as a rash and dangerous statesman, who would rush into difficulties which wiser men would avoid, and who would provoke and excite where other men would conciliate and restrain. If the facts are little in accord with all this, is it not because the world has been just a little too willing to accept accounts of Lord Salisbury which have been sketched by hands not at all friendly? However, here we are on the eve of a war, and Lord Salisbury, in the seat from which his predecessor in the lead of his party proclaimed the ease with which England could sustain a war of three campaigns against a great empire, virtually cautions the British public that they must expect large territorial results from the enterprise on which we are now embarking.

Is there in this any ground for disappointment? We should say certainly not. Really the best thing we can hope for is that Lord Salisbury's desire to bring the objects and the operations of the campaign into a narrow compass may be realised. There are very definite purposes to be achieved, and it is not yet time to say that they cannot be achieved by measures short of annexation. We have set before ourselves as one of the first objects of the expedition the prevention of a gross injustice to a trading organization whose resources and *personnel* are British. But with all our anxiety to see justice done to the Bombay-Burmah Trading Corporation, we should not annex Upper Burmah in order that there may be no further misunderstanding between King Theebaw and the Corporation as to the respective quantities of long and short logs passed down the Irawaddy by the latter. Even when the interests of our clients are so large as those of the Corporation, we must still see that the means proposed are not too largely out of proportion to the end in view. We have asked, moreover, that a British Resident should be received at Mandalay, without being subjected to the absurd humiliation of the shoe ceremony. And we have asked that the foreign relations of the country should be under our control. A little powder and shot directed against the stockades which constitute the defences of the Burmese capital may bring Theebaw to take a new and more reasonable view of both points. His desire to hear what France and Italy and Germany have to say about the latter of them is very plausible, but we question whether any of the three Powers named would urge him to hold out for liberty of action even in regard to them. If France is sincere in acknowledging the paramount nature of our rights and interests in Burmah, she is not likely to give him encouragement, and *à fortiori* neither Germany nor Italy should stand in the way of his yielding upon a matter with which they have infinitesimally small concern. The three objects to which our policy has been directed do not, therefore, seem even now beyond our reach. Apparently they are unattainable without coercion, and the coercion, it is evident, must be prompt and severe if it is to be effective. If King Theebaw himself is the only obstacle to a settlement, as it seems scarcely doubtful he is, the remedy must be sought in removing him, provided always that a better man can be found. Even here, however, it would be necessary to proceed circumspectly, for we must not put King Stork aside if there is only a King Log to substitute for him. The chances are, however, that no possible successor to King Theebaw would be quite as bad as he, and we know that he is not a Dost Mahomed, who could overturn any Shah Soojah whom we might put in his place.

Annexation, then, while it cannot be deemed an impossible contingency, must certainly be avoided unless events force it upon us. We are not concerned directly with the justice of such a measure. A good deal has been written upon that aspect of the question, but it has been written to no purpose. It is true that even Theebaw should have his due, but this only means that he would deserve whatever ill-fate fell upon him. He has no friends even amongst those who protest against disturbing him in a position which he has used to entirely discreditable and harmful purpose, and the question whether we are acting justly by him need not sit heavily upon the public conscience. The case is one in which we cannot draw fine distinctions between expediency and equity. To say that a measure is expedient is to say that it is equitable, for we should drive ethics out of our public life if we were to admit that there could be any incompatibility between justice and expediency. We might enter upon the path of annexation with a light heart, so long as there were clear proof that it was forced upon us by political necessity. But apparently it is the belief of the Government at home that the proof of such necessity is still incomplete. We should have to be satisfied of its necessity for the tranquillity of our territory, the protection of our trade, and the discouragement of political intrigue by the agents of other nations. The mere fact that we have across our frontier a neighbour whose condition is one of constant restlessness does not challenge us to enlarge the bounds of the Empire. We must have neighbours wherever we lay down our frontier line, and we cannot, as an Asiatic Power, expect them all to be on their best behaviour. Perhaps it is better to have even Theebaw for our neighbour than to have the Shans and the Kachins for our subjects. Annexation would mean that, and it would mean much more. It would mean the organization of Government in a country now given over to what, from the point of view of our higher administration, is a state of chaos, though it may not be quite so intolerable to the people who live under it as it seems to us. We need not ask if it would be just to the Burmese to take away their independence. The true criterion is whether it would be just to ourselves, and we take it that there is a large body of sober opinion in India and in England which would regard it as an act of injustice to the Empire in India to add to its administrative burdens—which are nowhere heavier than on that side—without plain evidence of the necessity of the measure. And apparently Lord Salisbury is by no means out of sympathy with that view.

WE have received a long printed document, drawn up by the chairman of the Poona School Board, which is not calculated to remove the doubts of the doleful people who say that Poona is losing its reputation for the treatment of public affairs with prudence and sound sense. It appears that it devolves upon Government to frame rules under the recent Local Self-government Acts for the guidance of municipal school boards in the management of municipal schools. A draft of the proposed rules was published in a recent number of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, with an intimation that objections taken to any rule might be sent in by a particular date—the end of this month, we believe—and would be considered by Government before the rules were finally confirmed. The chairman of the Poona School Board has drawn up a list of objections of which he appears to be so proud that he has printed it and circulated it far and near for the guidance of other municipalities not so wide awake as his own. The author of the memorandum is marvellously exacting in his demand for the treatment of the Board on at least a footing of equality with the department. One of the proposed rules runs as follows :—"Every municipality shall furnish without delay all returns, statistics, and any other information relating to municipal schools which may be called for by the Director of Public Instruction." To this rule the Poona chairman raises the modest objection that it is one-sided and unfair unless the Director is also bound on his side to give the school board all the returns and statistics which they may call for! We had the curiosity to look out the corresponding section in Mr. Forster's Education Act, and find it in section 95 in the following terms :—"Every school board shall make such report and returns, and give such information, to the Education Department as the department may from time to time require." We wonder whether it ever occurred to any chairman of a school board in England to take so magnificent a view of his office as to assume an obligation on the part of the English Education Department to furnish returns to school boards when called upon to do so. There is another proposed rule requiring municipalities to give full consideration to representations of the Educational Department as to the number, size, discipline, and location of their schools. "This rule should be modified," writes the Poona chairman, "so as to make it binding upon the Educational Department to give full consideration to the representations of the board, as municipalities are desired to give full consideration to the representations of the department." This is tugging against the department with a vengeance. But these are not exactly the manifestations of vitality on the part of local self-governing bodies which the champions of local Government can approve of, as the Chairman of the Poona School Board would readily understand if the department would send him a not too minatory letter, in which the practical necessities of the question were pointed out, and in which, by the way, no unnecessary terrors were held up to poor schoolmasters who have never done any harm, either at the Sabha Sarvajanik's bidding or any other.

THE *Statesman* is not as accurate as usual in commenting upon our recent announcement that the promptitude with which obstacles to the prosecution of the Indian Midland Railway scheme had been removed was due to the personal exertions of the Secretary of State. To represent the action of the Secretary of State as irreconcilable with the policy laid down by the Railway Commission last year, that "the limit of borrowing for the construction of productive public works should not exceed three-and-a-half millions," is either to misinterpret the policy of the Secretary of State or of the Select Committee on railways, or both. The line is one of the lines scheduled by the Government of India, and approved of by the Select Committee, and the India Office was only giving effect to recommendations endorsed by the committee in providing for its early construction. As to the limitation of three-and-a-half millions a year placed by the committee—not the Royal Commission, as the *Statesman* calls it—upon the construction of public works, we know of no such limitation. What the committee said upon that point was that while the existing limit of borrowing, placed by Mr. Stanhope's committee at two-and-a-half millions, might safely be enlarged, the full responsibility of deciding upon the amounts to be borrowed from year to year should rest with the Secretary of State in Council. Moreover, there is no obvious warrant for the belief that the Committee of 1879 would have included money raised by guaranteed companies within their limitation. Their recommendations clearly referred to money borrowed by the Government of India, and not to capital raised by private companies on its guarantee. But whatever their intentions may have been, the limitation which they laid down has been removed by the recommendation of the Select Committee of last year, and we do not think that the Secretary of State has unwisely administered the enlarged responsibility which was thereby entrusted to him.

WE understand that the Government of India have accorded their sanction to the appointment, in succession to Dr. Pollen, made by the Government of Bombay, of the Hon. Rao Bahadur Mahadeo Govind Ranade, Judge of the Small Cause Court at Poona, as special judge to watch the operation of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act. It will be remembered that before joining the Small Cause Court, Mr. Ranade had charge of the duties of a special Sub-Judge, and in connection therewith had to inspect and supervise the lower courts in the districts of Poona and Satara.

MR. STUART CUMBERLAND'S THOUGHT-READINGS.

MR. STUART CUMBERLAND, who will give a demonstration in thought-reading at the Town Hall this evening, presented some interesting illustrations of his art on Monday evening at a private sitting at the Esplanade Hotel, to which a small, but representative, company were invited. Four experiments more than sufficed to exhibit the peculiarity of Mr. Cumberland's powers, and to show that the reputation which he has gained in Europe and America rests upon the solid basis of some very remarkable achievements. He laid before his audience a candid statement of his pretensions and of the conditions under which he undertook to realize them. These latter may very fairly be summed up in the stipulation that the subject co-operate with the demonstrator by firmly concentrating the mind upon the object thought of. Anyone who has seen a series of Mr. Cumberland's experiments must have noticed that while in the result they are equally successful—he succeeds, we believe, in nine cases out of ten—there is great variety in the degree of facility with which they are attained. There are good subjects and bad subjects—people with large powers of mental concentration, and people with small powers. With the former class the thought-reader gains a ready and apparently an easy triumph; with the latter the process of divination is slow and apparently difficult. One of Mr. Cumberland's subjects on Monday evening plainly belonged to the former class. An accomplished elocutionist, accustomed by the committal to memory of verse and dramatic composition, this young lady might be assumed to be something of an adept in fixing thought upon its object. Hence when Mr. Cumberland asked her to think first of a person, then of an article in the possession of that person, and finally of another person to whom she would wish the article to be given, he was able to solve the three-factor problem with a quickness almost as quick as thought itself. Another experiment, that of indicating the locality of pain, was less remarkable for the rapidity than for the minute accuracy with which it was effected. The operator's finger hovered patiently and confidently, as with an unerring instinct, around the seat of pain, but the finger was not once brought down until the exact spot revealed itself to his consciousness. More remarkable still, because of the complexity of the solution for which a problem was sought, was the unravelling of a little criminal mystery in which Mr. Stuart Cumberland induced two native gentlemen to play the villains' parts. The one was a murderer, the other a robber. The business of the murderer was to seize one of the company, and to slay him more or less, putting the knife with which the deed had been done amongst a handful of others. The business of the robber was to rifle the victims' pockets, and for fear of the tale that they might tell, to put the contents in a place of hiding. The whole tragedy, enacted in Mr. Stuart Cumberland's absence from the room, presented itself to him as soon as he re-entered. Blindfold, and taking the murderer's hand in his own, he at once led him to his victim; then he singled out the identical knife with which the deed had been done, and pointed out the exact part of the body upon which the fatal blow had been delivered; and then taking the robber by the hand he set out on his search for the missing property, discovering it in so unsuspected a hiding place as the pocket of an eminent municipal official. This, it will be at once seen, was a very remarkable experiment. Four separate and independent facts had to be brought to light, each and all kept securely out of the range of the operator's consciousness, and they were detected with a promptitude and a certainty which astonished his audience, and not least amongst them those of Mr. Cumberland's guests who had seen him earlier in his career, when he was content with less complex problems than those which he now includes in his demonstrations. But we have it on his authority that there is nothing wonderful even in the most wonderful essays in thought-reading. We all have the same faculty as he has—only with him it is developed, while with the rest of us it is latent. From which it will be seen why Mr. Stuart Cumberland, standing almost in view of the scene of a memorable instance of theosophic phenomena, was moved to speak with healthy intolerance of the pranks of Koot Hoomi, and thereby to provoke an earnest believer in the said phenomena to make a bold confession of his faith in Madame Blavatsky's wonderworkings. "My method," Mr. Cumberland says, "is entirely a natural method;" and thereby he puts his manifestations on an unpretentious basis, which will probably make plain people think all the better of them.

MR. LEE-WARNER'S CAUTION TO SCHOOLMASTERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I want very much to know what Mr. Lee-Warner means by his hope that responsible "servants" of the Educational Department will not, at the invitation of the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha, "resist official authority, and risk the loss of their appointments." The Sabha has invited other associations to join with it in a perfectly legitimate and constitutional attempt to obtain a withdrawal of the Acting Director's orders. Unless this is a land peopled exclusively by "Authorities" and slaves, as I confess I sometimes think it is, it ought to be open to any educational officer who holds that the recent orders are a departure from sound policy, to say so, and to join with his fellow-citizens in any representations they may agree together to make to Government on the subject. I believe it is open; and that Mr. Lee-Warner's threat has no terrors except, perhaps, for the poor schoolmasters to whom it is more directly addressed. I presume that if Mr. Wordsworth, for example, thinks fit to protest against any extension of the new rule to his College, even if he adds that in his opinion the rule had better be withdrawn altogether, Mr. Lee-Warner would endeavour to meet Mr. Wordsworth with arguments, not *vi et armis*. He would probably not recommend his dismissal, and he would certainly not get it. But Mr. Wordsworth's comparative safety is cold comfort to the responsible servants Mr. Lee-Warner has his eye on; and in their interests I hope that this most objectionable threat may be either withdrawn or explained away. The Sabha would do well to look to it. To do Mr. Lee-Warner justice, he is not much worse in a matter like this than other Authorities. But he plays with his cards on the table, and it is a public duty to call attention to the character of his game.

And now, Mr. Editor, what shall I call myself? To use my own name is unhappily out of the question here. For divers urgent reasons I don't wish to go within a hundred miles of risking the loss of my appointment. I should like to describe myself as a "loyal citizen resisting persecution on the Western Ghauts." But that might lead to controversy, and is a trifle long. I take refuge in X.

THE AMENITIES OF INDIAN LIFE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Referring to your editorial remarks as to Indians remaining out here and getting the full benefit of their rupee, instead of going home, I may say that I have made up my mind after being a resident in India for a quarter of a century, that I would be most unwise to go home, just to idle away my days. I can see no objection to a permanent residence in India, as India is at present, when one can find any climate one desires, and can change the climate so easily. Take, for instance, a permanent resident in Bombay, who is not tied down to being in Bombay all the year round. How easy to change the climate! At Mahableshwar at present the thermometer does not, I believe, go above 70° in the warmest part of the day. The other day I was in Poona, and the thermometer stood at 75° in Treacher's shop at 10 a. m. Poona at this season enjoys a delightful climate, and is as pleasant a place as one could wish to be in. Then there are Khandalla, Lanowlee, Matheran. I opine that in no part of the world can a man live a pleasanter life, and be more comfortable, than a permanent resident of Bombay who is not tied down here all the year round. In Bombay we have everything one could wish to make life pleasant. The India of to-day is not the India of a quarter of a century ago, so that Indians may give up any idea of going home to be wretched, on a limited income, in a climate not agreeing with them. How often one sees old Indians, hale and hearty, go home and return never to be the same man again. I have in my mind a hale and hearty Bombay man who went home after living out here about thirty years. He was ill nearly all the time he was at home, and returned to Bombay to die here. I have in my mind many Bombay men who have gone home and died, instead of living years at home, as they had hoped to do. The change is too great. What difference does it make where a man lives, when all the world read the same telegrams of the world's doings at the same moment, barring the difference of solar time? The world has changed so much that we in India may feel content to pass the remainder of our days out here, knowing full well that we have all the comfort we could have anywhere, and can change the climate to suit ourselves, where we are not tied down to Bombay. As regards those who are tied down here, their lot in life is hard, just as a man's lot in life is hard who is tied down to any one place anywhere, all the year round. But Bombay has an advantage, inasmuch as it is one of the healthiest climates in the world, summer and winter. RESIDENT.

NEWS FROM MIRAJ.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MIRAJ, Nov. 8.

DURING the past two weeks Miraj has been a scene of great activity and gaiety. The Chief, Gangadharao Balasaheb, arrived here on the Dusserah day, and was accorded a splendid reception, the State officials and the townspeople having gone a long distance to welcome him. On Friday, the 31st October, the distribution of prizes to the boys of the English and vernacular schools took place, and the next day prizes were distributed to the pupils of the girls' school. Captain and Mrs. Ferris, Shrivant Balasaheb, and Mr. Blakesley were present on the occasion. Colonel Watson, the acting Political Agent, on his tour through the S. M. Country States, arrived here on 2nd inst. The Chief with his swari (retinue) had gone a mile to receive him. When he came to the Hirabag bungalow, a salute of eleven guns was fired in his honour, and the principal State officers, who were waiting at the Hirabag to receive him, were then introduced to him by the State Karbhari Rao Bahadoor Chitray. At noon, the Chief paid a formal visit to the Political Agent in the bungalow, who returned it in the evening at the Chief's palace. The next day Colonel Watson drove through the town, visited the principal institutions, and paid a return visit to the Chief of Miraj junior. On the evening of the 5th inst. there was a large gathering of the subscribers of the Miraj General Library in the Town Hall to give *pan supari* to the Chief. The hall and the garden in the compound were tastefully illuminated. Colonel Watson, Captain and Mrs. Ferris, Annasaheb, Chief of Miraj junior, Mr. Stables, and Mr. Blakesley, Balasaheb, the Chief of Miraj the officers and other native gentlemen, attended the gathering by special invitation. There were also present many native gentlemen. Mr. Atre, the headmaster of the High School here, who is also the Superintendent of the Library, availed himself of this happy occasion to give a short account of the institution. He said, "Colonel Watson, ladies, and gentlemen. This institution owes its origin to a purely private effort, being first started by a few inhabitants of the place and some servants of the State, and placed in a small building erected for the purpose out of the contributions from the people. The late Chief Tatyasaheb presented it with some of his private books, and always gave his hearty support to it. When the town hall was built, the two splendid rooms which the library now occupies were given to it by the State, and a peon and annual grant of Rs. 42 were subsequently provided by it to give permanency to the institution. As a mark of gratitude for this generous assistance on the part of the State, the subscribers meet every year in this hall to do honour to the Chief. This is the fourth gathering of the kind in this hall. When the library was first started, it had about 100 books, a few newspapers, and about 25 subscribers. But now it can boast of 100 books, 25 newspapers, and about 80 subscribers. The great rise in the number of subscribers shows that the people have commenced to understand and appreciate the benefits arising from such a useful institution. During the last year the library was dragging out rather a dull and languid existence. But ever since Rao Bahadoor Chillray's arrival, new life, as it were, has been infused into the institution, and it has undergone a marked improvement during the short space of 4 months. He has given us 75 good and select books from the State, and has placed the services of a State clerk at the disposal of the Library as a librarian. There have been many presents in books, in money to the Library from several English and native well-wishers of the institution. I take this opportunity to thank them on behalf of the subscribers. You will thus see that the library is at present in a pretty flourishing state, and I beg to express a hope that with the same continued support from the State authorities and from the people, it will gradually show still further improvement. Before I sit down, permit me, Colonel Watson, ladies, and gentlemen, to express on behalf of those assembled here my cordial and respectful thanks to you for the very great honour you have done us by having kindly come here in response to our invitation. (Applause.)

Then Dr. Trimbuck Sakharam Shirvalkara addressed the meeting thus—"Colonel Watson, Shrivunt Balasaheb, Annasaheb, ladies and gentlemen,—My friend Mr. Atre has in his speech told you all about the library. He has given a succinct history of its birth, early life, growth, and its further development to its present state, and so I will not detain you with any more detail about it any longer. I cannot, however, remain without mentioning one thing, and I hope you will permit me to do that. I mean to allude to the Museum that has been attached to the library of late, and for which the other end-rooms of this hall are allotted. The idea of a museum first arose with Mr. Chittray, and to him, therefore, is due the credit of that at present infant institution. Through his help we have been able to get the old armour and other things from the State that were lying in the palace where the public could have no access to them. The beautifully carved specimen of blackwood—an exact model of the Moslem stone Musjid at Luxmeshwar, was obtained from Mr. Bhanu, who had been at great pains to get it made. The Gokak articles, Vijaydurga horns, combs, &c., were ordered out as rare specimens of fine workmanship, and by and by other choice exhibits will be added to the stock. Several gentlemen present here have promised to help us, amongst whom I may mention Captain Ferris, who has kindly promised to give us a stuffed crocodile, and Mr. Blakesly a case of butterflies. I hear that there is a move to have on the east side of the building a sort of menagerie or zoological garden, and it is proposed that there is to be a statue of the late popular chief, the Hon. Ganpatrao Tatyasaheb, placed in the open triangular space in front of this building, and a water-fountain to be erected close by. When all these things which are now contemplated, and which, it is believed, have the support of the higher authorities, are completed, this splendid building in which we have assembled to-night, with its fine library on the north, the museum on the south, the menagerie on the east, and the statue with the garden and the water-fountain close by, on the west, will not only be an ornament to Miraj, the ancient capital of the Patwardhans, will be both amusement and instruction. The Western Dekkan Railway, the work of which is progressing every day, when completed, will further improve our prospects. By connecting this town with the Presidency town and the capital of the Dekkan—I mean Bombay and Poona—we shall be daily getting new light from those centres of knowledge and advancement which at present are not within easy reach. This will afford ample facilities for improving our museum in various ways. This, taken along with the other institution of the like nature, clearly indicates that Miraj is keeping pace with other important towns in the Presidency in point of progress and enlightenment. Before concluding, allow me, on behalf of those assembled here, to express my cordial thanks to the originator of this museum and to the higher authorities for having appreciated his move in that direction and given hearty support to him in the matter. (Prolonged cheers.)

Mr. Chittray then said that he had done nothing to deserve so much eulogium. He had done only his duty to the public. The things were already in the palace, and he only got them here. What little he had done, he had been able to do only with the assistance of his friends Rao Bahadoor R. R. Mule, Mr. Limage, Dr. Trimbuck and Mr. Atre and others. He then thanked Colonel Watson, Captain and Mrs. Ferris, the Chiefs of Miraj, and other gentlemen for their attendance. The assembly then broke up to witness a display of fireworks.

The Political Agent left this for Sangli on Friday morning under the usual salute. The Chief of Miraj, I hear, will leave for Bombay in a couple of days or so. He seemed very cheerful and in good health, and evinced a great interest in everything connected with his State.

THE OPIUM REVENUE.

(OFFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.)

THE following is the opium revenue to date compared with the estimates for the year 1885-86 :—

IN OCTOBER.	BENGAL. Rs.	BOMBAY. Rs.	TOTAL. Rs.
Estimate	52,07,500	18,05,000	70,12,500
Actual	52,90,400	17,22,500	70,12,900
Better than Estimate	82,900	....	400
Worse than Estimate	.....	82,500	....
7 SALES OF BENGAL OPIUM AND 7 MONTHS' PASS DUTY ON OPIUM EXPORTED FROM BOMBAY.			
Estimate	3,64,52,500	1,17,35,000	4,81,87,500
Actual	3,61,76,795	1,42,92,535	5,04,69,330
Better than Estimate	....	25,57,535	22,81,830
Worse than Estimate	2,75,705	....	....

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES AT BARODA.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

EDUCATION has been one of the subjects in which His Highness the Gaekwar takes warm interest. He found that the Sardars and Jaghirdars of his State had failed to keep pace with the progress of the times, were sadly ignorant even of very ordinary things, and had peculiar prejudices. He did one of the best things for them by establishing a school for their sons. In this His Highness the Gaekwar has met his Sardars half way, and it is hoped that they will respond by taking full advantage of the special institution provided for their sons. The second prize distribution to the students of this school took place on the 3rd instant at the Baroda College Hall. The hall was tastefully furnished. Khan Bahadur Kazi Shahabudin, C. I. E., the Minister of the State, who has devoted a great portion his time to education during the last twenty years, seconded the Maharaja Gaekwar in his endeavours to impart education to the backward portion of the community. He came to the place almost immediately after the arrival of the students. General Watson, Agent to the Governor-General, came in at about 4·30 p.m., and was received by the Minister. Among the Europeans present were Mr. and Mrs. Elliot, Major Peat, and a couple of other military officers. Several natives were present, the most prominent among them being Rao Bahadurs Vinakakrao Kirtane, the Nawab Diwan and Janardan S. Gadgil, the Judge of the Warista Court, Dinshaw Ardesir, the Municipal Commissioner, Rao Saheb V. M. Samarth, Assistant Sar Subha. Among the Sardars were the Padhares, Nawab Nuruddin Ibrahimally, Purshotum Govind Rode, Chintamonrao Mugmudar, Shiledar Baxi, and a few others. In all there was a concourse of about five hundred persons. His Highness the Gaekwar, attended by Rao Bahadur Jayasingrao Angre, the Khangi Karbhari and suite drove to the place at exactly 5 p.m. He was received with due éclat. After the usual salutations His Highness and General Watson took their seats on the golden seat set apart for them.

At a suggestion from the Minister the annual report of the school was read by Mr. K. M. Joglekar, M. A., the headmaster of the school, in Marathi. Mr. Joglekar stated that there had been an increase of five students in the school during the year under report, the number having risen from fifty to fifty-five. The daily average attendance was 35·18, a fact far from satisfactory. Among the causes to which the headmaster ascribed this low attendance was one which was to be much deprecated. He said that the Sardars and the well-to-do people at court were environed by flatterers, whose welfare consisted in keeping the persons whom they flattered in complete ignorance. They always represented that hard work and study were only for those who were not "fortune favoured," but had to eke out their living by quill driving. These and such erroneous notions had gained such a firm hold on the minds of the Sardars that they were apathetic about educating their children. The students were themselves never accustomed to any hard work, and they did not possess any steady perseverance either at books or at physical exercises. It would require, perhaps, half-a-dozen years to put these youths in the proper groove. This was only possible because of the strong support from the Maharaja. The studies of the different classes range from the vernacular alphabets to a fair proficiency in English. The English class has been reading Edgeworth's Moral Tales and Goldsmith's Traveller, the History of India and that of England, with other subjects. Mr. Joglekar showed the utility of a knowledge of book-keeping and the different systems of correspondence, and said that he intended introducing those and a few elementary scientific subjects in the school. The school was examined twice by the Director and his assistant. The percentage of passed students at the annual examination was 48·7 as against 44·67 last year. With respect to physical education there was a correspondence going on for a gymnasium, and for the present the boys played at cricket and other games. Riding was once begun but had to be given up for want of a good teacher and the disinclination of the boys. His Highness the Maharaja was an excellent rider, and appreciated horsemanship, so the headmaster expected to arouse a liking for the noble exercise among his pupils. Fencing was taught to the students of the Sardar School, and they had made good progress in it. Military drill was also introduced in the school. At first the Sardars did not like the idea, but from the progress the students had made in it, Mr. Joglekar hoped they would in course of time recover their position as military leaders. The expenditure of the school during the year under report was Rs. 5,816. A suitable building has been provided at a cost of about sixteen thousand rupees, and arrangements were being made for resident students. Special rules had been sanctioned to enforce attendance at school.

After Mr. Joglekar had read his report, some of the pupils recited a few select passages—one from Milton on the advantages of freedom of speech; one in Marathi on the pleasures of hunting; one in Gujarathi on the position of the great. These recitations ended with a poem or kasida in Urdu composed for the occasion, on the benefits conferred by the school, and an expression of gratitude to His Highness which was sung by one of the students. The piece was composed for the occasion. Prizes were then distributed to the deserving students by the Maharaja; and the assemblage dispersed when His Highness and the Agent to the Governor-General had left the hall amid general salutations.

THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE INANODAYA SUBHA OF BROACH.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

ON Saturday night the Broach Inanodaya Subha invited its friends and well-wishers to assemble for the celebration of its fourth anniversary in one of the upper rooms of the Lad-ni-wadi, which was tastefully decorated with bunting and festoons. Including the members and the guests there were about five hundred persons present. Mr. Kalyanrai H. Desai was requested to take the chair, and the proceedings of the meeting commenced with a prayer to the accompaniment of native music. This was followed by the report of the working of the Subha during the past year. It was read by Mr. Manilal Mohanlal Jhaveri, the energetic president of the Subha. He stated that the Subha was started by a handful of young men, and that though its financial condition at the outset was literally nil, it gradually undertook the publication of a monthly magazine, and is now the proprietor of a printing press and the publisher of a weekly newspaper; that though the object of the Subha originally was merely diffusion of knowledge, it had during the year under report gone a step further, and when all the leading inhabitants of the town of Broach had failed to do their duty, the Subha had addressed a memorial to the Marquis of Ripon, requesting His Excellency to pay a visit to this ancient town of Bhriga on his way to Bombay. The Subha had unfortunately to be disappointed in this matter, but it sent out a deputation to wait on the retiring Governor-General at Bombay. Another important step the Subha took was to successfully address a petition to the Bombay Government against the reduction of the numerical strength of the non-official members of the local Municipal Board. It had also taken the lead in calling a meeting of the influential and distinguished citizens of the town to raise a fund to perpetuate the memory of the late lamented Mr. Mahadeo Trimbak, a great religionist, deeply read in the philosophy of the East as well as the West, and whose untimely death was an irretrievable loss to all his friends and disciples. Mr. Manilal concluded his report by giving a statement of the finances, and by declaring that the Subha had in contemplation the opening of a reading-room and a library. The incompatibility of the resources of the Subha with its noble intentions at once enlisted the sympathy of the liberal-minded Desaiji Saheb who was in the chair, and he forthwith came forward with a very handsome donation of Rs. 500, which was accepted. The proceedings were then wound up by an able and instructive speech from Rao Saheb Mohanlal Ranchordasji, to whose benign patronage the Subha is indebted for its present conspicuous position. A little music and the distribution of pan and guhlab then terminated the night's entertainment.

SIGNORINA MARCHETTI'S CONCERT.

SIGNORINA MARCHETTI gave another of her concerts last night at the Town Hall. She was, as usual, in splendid form; but the audience, we are sorry to say, was poor. Her magnificent voice, so rich in its depth and compass, charmed all those who had the good fortune to be present. Signorina Marchetti surely deserves a much better patronage than she has hitherto received from lovers of music in Bombay. She has an accomplished accompanist, quite worthy of her, in Maestro Maenesini, whose performances on the piano were rewarded with well-merited and hearty applause.

WATER SCARCITY IN BHOOLESHWAR.

THE following memorial has been presented to the chairman and members of the Town Council :—

Gentlemen,—We the undersigned inhabitants of this city residing in Dady Sett's Ateshbehram or Agiary-street, C. Bholeshwar ward, beg to draw your attention to a grievance which has put us already to many serious difficulties, and threatens much to inconvenience us hereafter. In the street in which we live the supply of water has been much reduced, and except on the ground floor, not a drop of water can ascend to the higher storeys in our houses. Most of us who own houses have four-storeyed buildings, which are about 60 ft. high from the level of the ground. They have tenants living on all the storeys. The hardship to which we have been at present put is already severe, and it is feared that those among us to whom these houses belong will suffer considerable pecuniary loss in case this grievance is not soon attended to and redressed. If what some of us have heard is true, namely, that it will still take one full month for the Tulsi water reservoir at Walkeshwar to be completely roofed, and we cannot get the usual supply of water, we are threatened with practically nothing less than a water famine for a comparatively long period. We have therefore to request you to issue the necessary orders to join the Vehar pipe, which passes through that end of the Portuguese Cathedral-street into which the Dady Agiary-street opens, near Mr. Annunciation, undertaker's, with the one passing through our street. The junction of the Vehar pipe with the Tulsi pipe in our street will entail very little difficulty and cost, while a real grievance will be redressed and our gratitude will be deservedly earned. We would beg respectfully to add that we have not all of a sudden come to you with this petition. We think it unnecessary every time to trouble the Council with small matters. We beg to submit, however, that as this matter was not capable of being delayed, we first applied to the Deputy Executive Engineer. Mr. Braham, through one of us, and that officer replied that he was unable to do anything in the matter. He advised, however, that we should do well to place the matter before the Municipal Commissioner. One of us applying to Mr. Bennett, Mr. Olivant's assistant, for an interview with the Commissioner, he was given to understand that the Commissioner being extremely busy, he would not be interviewed. We are therefore compelled to apply to you, in the hope that you will bestow that consideration for us as the necessities of the case demand, and give orders accordingly.

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TELEGRAMS.

THE CRISIS IN UPPER BURMAH

FORWARD MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

THE REPLY TO THE ULTIMATUM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Nov. 10.

The Nevassa and Tenasserim from Madras, with the 12th Madras Infantry and two batteries of artillery, and the Goalpara from Calcutta with artillery and mules, arrived yesterday, when the men were embarked in the river s eamer without a hitch. But there has been considerable delay in transhipping guns and baggage owing to deficient wharf-accommodation. The guns for the floating batteries have already been prepared. They leave this morning for the frontier.

General Prendergast and staff probably leave on Saturday in the mail-train.

Major Browne, of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers, is raising a scout corps of 100 Mounted Infantry, 100 Burmans, and 50 Volunteers. So dark are the arrangements kept thatas yet only twenty-three Volunteers have come forward, and though Government have been purchasing ponies for some weeks saddles are wanting and have been telegraphed for.

It is hoped to send a portion of the scouts forward to-morrow, but definite orders seem only to have been given this morning.

The scouts will be armed with carbine and revolvers.

The reply of the Burmese Government to the ultimatum is evasive and unsatisfactory on all points. With regard to the Bombay-Burmah Company, it states that the petition having been received by King Theebaw, any further interference on the part of the British Government is unnecessary. The King refuses to receive a British Envoy except shoeless and in a humiliating position as heretofore. On the question of regulating his external relations by the advice of the Viceroy, he refuses until he has consulted Italy, France, and Germany.

It is reported that the Burmese do not believe the British ultimatum to be serious, and little preparation has been made on their part. The arrangements for an advance are being actively pushed on.

No positive order has yet been received from the Viceroy to cross the frontier.

General Prendergast and staff leave for Thayetmyo on Thursday.

It is anticipated that Minhla will be bombarded about the 16th inst. By Thursday four thousand troops will be on the frontier.

THE STRANDING OF THE INDUS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, Nov. 10.

The P. and O. agent leaves Colombo at noon to-day in the Clyde to go to the Indus. The Ranger is standing by her, but can render no assistance. The Clyde should be at the wreck by noon to-morrow. She will tow the large cargo in lighters from Trincomalee. The company's tug is now on her way from Bombay with diving gear. The Indus is floating at the bows, the stern aground in eighteen feet of water. She is throwing cargo overboard.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, Nov. 10.

The M Battery, B Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, from Secunderabad, arrived this morning in a special troop train.

The E Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, leaves here this evening for Bombay *en route* to England.

All the teams entered for competition in the Rifle Meeting have arrived. The meeting commences on the 11th.

THE HYDERABAD POLO TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, Nov. 10.

Yesterday the Nizam's team, captained by Afsur Jung, beat Nawab Vikar-ul-Oomra's team by two goals to none.

To-day the Bombay Gymkhana beat the 3rd Hyderabad Cavalry by three goals to one. Bombay played three men to four after the first five minutes, owing to an accident to Wallace.

The final is on Friday between the winners of to-morrow's match and Bombay.

Wallace is only shaken, not hurt.

The Nizam, the Resident, and the Hon. Mr. Bayley were present both afternoons.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

LORD SALISBURY AT THE GUILDHALL.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

Lord Salisbury, in his speech at the Lord Mayor's banquet at the Guildhall last night, said that cordial co-operation exists at the present time between England and Russia in the work of the delimitation of the Afghan frontier.

With reference to Burmah his lordship hoped that as little alteration would be made there as is consistent with the interests of the Burmese and the British Empire. He rejoiced that, in the steps we were taking in Burmah, we were acting with the assent and friendship of China.

Touching the Bulgarian question, his lordship said that, without predicting the decisions the Conference might arrive at, he hoped that the strength of the Turkish Empire would be maintained unimpaired, and that the agreement come to by the great Powers would be such as to satisfy all the peoples concerned.

In conclusion Lord Salisbury stated that the policy of the Government in Ireland will be the maintenance of the Union and the protection of Loyalists, whilst the utmost will be done to give prosperity and contentment to the country.

MR. GLADSTONE AT EDINBURGH.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

Mr. Gladstone, who arrived in Edinburgh yesterday, met with a most enthusiastic reception. The Right Hon. gentleman made a speech in which he enjoined union among the Liberals to enable them to confront the demands for a reparation of Ireland.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, Nov. 9.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s s.s. Orion, which left Bombay on the 2nd inst., arrived here this morning.

PLYMOUTH, Nov. 9.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Brindisi arrived here yesterday morning.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Thames arrived here yesterday evening.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

The Anchor Line steamer Clan Mackenzie arrived here this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull. Surats quiet.

The London Cotton Market has been flat.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 7-16

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper	73⅞
4½ " "	74¼
3 per cent. Consols for account	100½
3½ " Sterling Loan	102½
4½ " French Rentes	108
Bar Silver	47½

Arrivals—Sunbeam, Canton, and Inchborva.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(NOVEMBER 10.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Mail for Mauritius and Madagascar closes at Mozambique, 18th instant.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY, NIGHT, Nov. 9.

10 p.m.	80·7

TUESDAY, Nov. 10.

6 a.m.	79·1
10 a.m.	84·6
2 p.m.	86·4
4 p.m.	85·2

QUARANTINE has been established at Aden and Perim against vessels arriving from Tongking.

AN extraordinary edition of the *Bombay Government Gazette* was issued last night, containing a list of the candidates who have applied for permission to attend the Matriculation Examination which commences on Monday next. There are 2,293 candidates.

AN extraordinary general meeting of the Ripon Gold Mining Company, Limited, was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. C. H. B. Forbes being called to the chair. On the motion of Mr. Trimbuk R. Telang, the final accounts of the liquidators for the period ending 26th January last were adopted, and the company was declared to be completely wound up and dissolved. The shareholders, before separating, voted thanks to the liquidators for the satisfactory manner in which they had performed their duty.

THE *Deccan Herald* hears that Mr. Lee-Warner has written to Mr. Modak, Principal of the Elphinstone High School, Bombay, censuring him for the part he took in the newspaper discussion regarding the Poona incident.

MADAME COULOMB, as we announced some time ago, has published in pamphlet form, "Some Account of My Intercourse with Madame Blavatsky, from 1872 to 1884; with a number of additional letters and full explanation of the most marvellous Theosophical Phenomena." The book is to be had of the Bombay book-sellers.

THE *Indian Mirror*, in referring to the probable retirement of Mr. A. Mackenzie, the Home Secretary, says :—"Mr. Mackenzie has had a long and distinguished Secretariat career, and his retirement will be a serious loss to the Administration. However much we may from time to time have differed from Mr. Mackenzie on public questions, we shall certainly regret his premature retirement at a stage of his service when he might have been most useful to India. Many people thought that at no late date he might have become Lieutenant-Governor of these Provinces. He is too young to retire now. He has never been unfriendly to the native races, so much to his credit."

THE Syndicate of the Punjab University met on Friday to consider what steps should be taken to fill the vacancy made by Dr. Leitner's resignation of the Registrarship. After some little discussion, it was resolved to refer to the Senate the names of Dr. Stulpnagel and Mr. Larpent, who, it was understood, were both willing to take up the work. There is nothing in the Punjab University Act to prevent an outsider applying for the appointment, and possibly other candidates may come forward.

THE following were the balances held in cash in the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of Government in the Presidency Banks and their branches on the last day of October :—1883, Rs. 11,42,27,000 ; 1884, Rs. 9,44,72,000 ; and 1885, Rs. 9,19,49,000.

IT is whispered in London among those who have the best means of knowing, that Mr. Parnell has been regularly received into the Church of Rome, and now duly submits himself, when in Ireland, to the ministrations of the Church. The actual transition of the Irish Nationalist leader from Protestantism to Roman Catholicism took place, it is stated, some months ago, but it is only within the last few days that his friends have thought well to let the secret be known.

THE good people of Ludhiana have been very much exercised by the departure of Mr. J. P. Warburton, District Superintendent of Police, on his being transferred to Amritsar. His work at Ludhiana, it appears from the Punjab paper, was eminently successful, and was so much appreciated by the people of that district that there was quite a demonstration when he made over charge of his office to a successor. It is no small credit to Mr. Warburton that, while he has approved himself as the first detective of the Punjab, his tenure of power has been so popular with the public at large. In the performance of duties naturally irksome he displayed a tact and firmness which did not weaken the regard in which he was held generally.

THE *World* declares that there is no foundation whatever for the notion which seems generally to prevail, that if the elections result in a large majority against the Government Lord Salisbury will at once resign, following the example of Lord Beaconsfield in 1868 and 1880, and of Mr. Gladstone in 1874. "It is the fixed intention of the Prime Minister to meet Parliament, whatever may be the issue of next month's battle, and he is justified in his decision by the precedents of Sir Robert Peel in 1835, Lord Melbourne in 1841, and Lord Derby in 1859. Lord Salisbury desires to place his legislative programme fairly before Parliament and the country ; and besides, it is doubtful whether a lengthened debate on the amendment which will of course be moved to the Address will not produce speeches calculated seriously to increase the difficulties of the Liberal leaders in the event of their taking office. Even if there is a Liberal majority in Great Britain, it is by no means certain that the Irish members would support an amendment to the Address, much less a vote of want of confidence.

THE *World* says :—The Duke of Edinburgh will not get the Mediterranean command after all. The political atmosphere is too troubled. His Royal Highness will have to make the best of his bad luck, for the appointment could never go to him unless perfect tranquillity in the East were assured, and we are very far from that at present. To Sir William Hewett will go the coveted post, in accordance with long-established precedent, which ordains that an ex-Lord of the Admiralty shall receive the first available command.

SEVERAL American papers state that the bets on the race between the Puritan and the Genesta amounted to at least £100,000 in New York City alone.

BY an arrangement with the Chinese Government, the Kaiping mines will be managed by an English firm. This is a progressive step for the Chinese to take, and it will probably lead to other mines being opened and worked with foreign capital and under foreign management. There is plenty of good coal at Kaiping, and under proper management the mines will be developed to the best advantage.

HERE is rather an amusing volunteer shooting story :—About a year ago a local paper gave a list of prizes won and scores made in a competition at Exmouth. Two noughts brought up the rear. The one "noughter" was rewarded with half-a-crown, and the other with three-and-sixpence. This was passing strange, but not so strange as the explanation for the difference between the two awards. The three-and-sixpenny winner had fired more shots than his less fortunate comrade, so he was rewarded for his more numerous misses with an extra shilling.

A CURIOUS freak in the vegetable world is related by a Sacramento paper. In Zuba County a mountain oak, two feet in diameter and fifteen feet in height, was at some remote time accidentally broken off. The tree is in other respects vigorous, throwing out strong branches with the usual foliage. From the point where the break took place now grows a cedar, thirteen inches in diameter and thirty feet high. Whether the cedar grows as a graft, having become an absolute portion of the tree, or whether its roots extend down to the ground through some cavity in the oak cannot be perceived, for at the point of junction the diameter of the two is nearly equal, and they appear to the eye as one tree.

MANY American publishing firms do a large trade in England, and some of them find it to their advantage to stamp "New York and London" on their books. This has its advantages ; but among its disadvantages is that it forces them to present a number of copies of each work to certain public libraries. Where the books are costly *éditions de luxe*, this is felt to be rather hard, and at last the American publishers have rebelled. The British Museum having reminded the firm of Putnam's Sons that it must have five copies of their books, it has refused to comply with their request. A correspondence has ensued, and a compromise was agreed to : the Museum was to content itself with one copy of each book. When the other American firms heard of this they were dissatisfied. They appealed to Messrs. Putnam's Sons to make this a test case, and the firm has consented. But in the present state of the law, the American publishers must do one of two things : they must either do as British firms do, or erase the word "London" from their title-pages.

HE was a Tory candidate for a metropolitan constituency—earnest, eloquent, and popular, but with an unfortunate habit of mixing his metaphors. So, when he proceeded to deal with Lord Rosebery's simile of the Midlothian umbrella, he came to grief. "Why, gentlemen," cried the impassioned orator, with a graceful wave of his handkerchief, "we have an umbrella, too. And I venture to tell you, gentlemen, that it is one which gives forth no uncertain sound." Mixed metaphor is common enough in the House of Commons. It was Mr. Tim Healy who talked about a motion being "shunted by a side-wind," and quite lately Sir P. O'Brien, on being interrupted by a titter from the Parnellite quarter, exclaimed in tones of scathing indignation : "Ha ! I hear a titter ; but let me tell honourable gentlemen opposite that, as far as I am considered, it rolls off like water from a duck's back."

THE Constantinople correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* is the authority for the following. Another financial scandal has been brought to light, to the great disgust of the Palace officials. The informer is naturally supposed to have disclosed the affair in consequence of not having been allowed to participate in the plunder. It concerns the concession for the construction of the junction of the Eastern European railways, which was granted under the authority of the late Minister of Public Works, but without consultation with his council. The arrangement was, therefore, declared null and void when it came to light. It had been agreed that the line should be constructed at the rate of 80,000 francs per kilometre, and that the Government should be charged 170,000 francs. The hush-money necessary for keeping this nefarious transaction quiet was not sufficiently widely spread, and hence the exposure. The existence of the plot will, of course, be repudiated ; but there is no doubt of its existence, and the greatest apprehension prevails in consequence at the Palace.

A CRICKETER who, but for the great reputation he achieved in his day, would have been absolutely unknown to the present generation of players, has just passed away in the person of Edgar Willsher, the "Lion of Kent," as he was called in former days. Five-and-twenty years ago, when the South of England could boast of its professional talents as well as the North, Willsher was certainly the best of bowlers in that division of the country, and he will ever be a celebrity among cricketers as the man who introduced the "hand over shoulder" style of bowling—for which on more than one occasion he was no-balled. And now practically speaking all the best bowlers deliver the ball overhand, in preference to "round." Although it seems a long time since his name appeared in the score-sheet, save as umpire, Willsher was only fifty-six years of age when he succumbed to the illness from which he had for a considerable time been suffering.

THE Marquis Tseng, who is at present at Tunbridge Wells with his family, leaves England at the end of November or beginning of December for Pekin, where he will take up the post, to which he was appointed two years ago, of Vice-President of the Board of War, and member of the Tsung-li-Yamen, or Board of Foreign Affairs. His successor in England has already been appointed. His name is Lin Tzu Teen. He has already held the important office of Taotai (or district governor) at Shanghai, where his duties brought him greatly into contact with Europeans, and where he earned the reputation of being a liberal-minded and conciliatory official. Subsequently, he was appointed Fantai (or provincial treasurer) of the great province of Kwangsi, a post which is only second in importance to that of Viceroy. He is, therefore, an official of high eminence, but it is said that his influence at Pekin is not so great as that of the Marquis Tseng, for the latter comes of a family which has for generations been distinguished in China. His father was Viceroy at Nankin during the Taiping rebellion, which he was mainly instrumental in suppressing. He had Li Hung Chang for his secretary, and three of his brothers were Viceroys of Chinese provinces at the same time. The Marquis's uncle is the present Viceroy of Nankin. The continuity of policy at the Chinese Legation in London will be preserved by the English Secretary, Sir Halliday Macartney, who has been the right-hand man of the present Minister, and who retains his post notwithstanding the change. It is a curious fact that the Marquis Kinglast Tseng, the eldest son of the Chinese Envoy, is learning phonography, and his exercises are being corrected by Mr. Isaac Pitman, the inventor of that well-known system of shorthand. Another member of the Chinese Embassy, Fung Yee, has also an acquaintance with that form of stenography.

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT S. N. RENNY, No. 6 Battery, 1st Brigade, South Irish Division, has been transferred to the Punjab (Hazara) Mountain Battery proceeding on service.

LIEUTENANT F. M. TURNER, 1st Battalion, the King's Own Borderers, wing officer, on probation, 23rd Madras Infantry, has been ordered to rejoin his battalion.

COLONEL H. SMALLEY, (late Madras) Royal Engineers, has been granted furlough for one year and three days on private affairs.

LIEUTENANT C. E. H. CONNELL, officiating wing officer, on probation, 6th Madras Infantry, has been transferred to the 1st Sikh Infantry at Dera Ismael Khan.

THE following Madras officers have been ordered to attend the Camps of Exercise in Bengal, to aid the Transport Department : Northern Camp, Umballa :—Captain J. H. Campbell, 2nd Battalion, Bedford Regiment, and Lieutenant F. L. Jones, 3rd Madras Cavalry. Southern Camp, Delhi :—Major T. Harris, 2nd Middlesex Regiment, and Captain J. H. Jones, 2nd Madras Infantry.

LIEUTENANT G. B. STEVENS, 4th Regiment, Madras Infantry (Pioneers), has been ordered to join the Trichinopoly Depôt and take command of a draft of recruits and volunteers for Beluchistan.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL T. S. MAGAN, Madras Staff Corps, has been ordered to Bellary, to command the depôt of the 25th Madras Infantry, ordered on service.

CAPTAIN M. W. SANDERS, Adjutant Royal Artillery, Eastern Division, Madras, having been appointed Adjutant, Royal Artillery, with the Expeditionary Force to Burmah, Captain L. A. McClintock of the Q Battery, 1st Brigade, Royal Artillery, has been appointed Officiating Adjutant of the Royal Artillery, Eastern District, *vice* Captain Sanders.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL NORMAN, Colonel Sandford, and staff, left Calcutta on Saturday by the mail-steamer Simla for Rangoon.

SURGEON D. E. S. BAIN, Indian Medical Department, has been appointed to the permanent medical charge of the Bangalore Garrison Surgeoncy.

IN consequence of the Instructor of Army Signalling, Madras Presidency, being required with the Expeditionary Force to Burmah, the class lately formed at Bangalore has been broken up, and the men ordered to rejoin their regiments.

CAPTAIN R. H. C. TUFNELL, Madras Staff Corps, has been appointed Adjutant of the Madras Volunteer Guards.

COLONEL DALMAHOY, till quite lately Deputy Inspector-General of Police in the N.-W. Provinces, has taken his Colonel's allowances and is leaving India, and a host of friends, for good and all immediately.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORTS.

SIMLA, Nov. 9.—The barometer continues falling slowly, but has risen slightly in Lower Bengal, Assam, and Burmah. The pressure is very uniform, and the winds are light. They are north-west to north in the Gangetic valley as far as the Sandheads and north-west of the Bay, and the air is consequently drier. South-east winds prevail in the Central Provinces and Central India, and generally in the north-east of the peninsula. There is slight cloud in the peninsula and the Central Provinces. The skies are nearly cloudless elsewhere. The temperature changes are unimportant. The temperature has fallen greatly in Saugor Island. The maxima are high in Western and Central India, the highest recorded being 98° at Deesa. Rain to-day :—Wellington, 1 inch ; Rajahmundry, Cochin, and Colombo, ½ inch. Yesterday :—Karwar, 1½ inch.

NOV. 10.—The barometric rise is general and considerable in North-Western India, especially in the North Punjab and Sind. The winds are light and irregular in Upper India. A small local depression exists in the South-East Punjab. The air is damper and colder. North-west winds prevail in Bengal, except in the eastern parts, where they are north-east. South or south-east winds are reported from the Central Indian plateau, due east of the peninsula, generally light. The skies are cloudy and showery in Madras, and the temperature has fallen slightly. The afternoon temperature is very high in the South-East Punjab, Oudh, Central and Western India, the south peninsula. The highest yesterday was 97° at Rajkote. Rain to-day :—Rajahmundry and Wellington, 1 inch ; Madeira and Bellary, ½ inch. Previously :—Belgaum, 1½ inch.

THE WEATHER ALONG THE COAST.

(November 10, 1885.)

THE following information regarding the state of the weather at different ports round the coast and Kurrachee to Madras is compiled from the latest returns received by telegram at the Meteorological Office :—

STATIONS.	Barometer. At 10 a.m. reduced to 32° F. and Sea level.	Thermo. in Shade. Reading at 10 a.m.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity at 10 a.m.	Rain-fall
	Ins.	Dgs.		Miles.	Ins.
Kurrachee	·009	80·4	E	5	0·00
Surat	·015	82·6	N W	Mod.	0·00
Bombay	·980	84·6	N E	8	0·00
Rutnagherry	·954	86·5	W S W	6	0·00
Karwar	·976	81·1	S W	Mod.	0·00
Mangalore	·956	85·4	E S E	2	0·17
Calicut	·976	82·7	W S W	8	0·27
Cochin	·964	82·5	E N E	Mod.	0·22
Masulipatam	·996	84·8	E S E	8	0·00
Madras	·012	86·8	E S E	8	0·00
Negapatam	·005	84·4	E	0	0·27

FLORILINE !—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the World. Sold wholesale by The Anglo American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAILS OF THE 23RD OCTOBER.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Mirzapore, Captain R. Harvey, arrived in Bombay harbour at 1 o'clock this morning, with the overland mails of the 23rd Oct. The following is the list of passengers :—

FROM LONDON.

Mr and 2 Misses Wallace	Mr J R Pedler
Mr and Mrs Ratteghan and 3 children	Mrs Robbs and 2 sons
Mr and Mrs Macintosh and child	Mr J Deas
Mr. M Fox	Mr H C Fenard
Mr McEbroy	Col and Mrs Pullan
Mr J Woodroffe	Mrs Chisholm and infant
Mrs Jopp	Miss Chisholm
Mr Macfarlane	Mr C E Bunbury
Lt-Col and Mrs Gibbs	Mrs Story
Miss Thompson	Mrs Ham and child
Miss Sivetenham	Mr and Mrs Turret
Miss Taylor	Mr and Mrs A Turner
Mrs Money	Hon Francis Baring
Dr. J P Greany	Mr J S Rowley
Sur-Maj Maclaren	Mr and Mrs Riordan, child and infant
Mrs Laurie	Mr J Darwood
Mrs Browning	Miss Darwood
Mr L P Russell	Mrs Cunningham
Mr C Fletcher	Lt-Col Durand
Mr and Mrs Harvey	Mr and Mrs Sildel
Rev W and Mrs Ellison	Mr and Master Holloway
Mr H N North	Mr Tollett
Mrs Chapman and infant	Miss Wainright
Mr R Craven	Mr C J Hedley
Mrs Sturrock and child	Mr J Juhagan
2 Misses Grant	Mrs Corso and daughter
Mrs Winterbotham & infant	Mr C Clare
Mr Joyce	Miss Markham
Mr and Mrs Miller	Mrs Albuquerque
Mrs Royal, child & 2 infants	Mrs Nelson
Mr and Mrs H Bell	Mrs Chapman
	Mr Adams

FROM VENICE.

Mr and Mrs Sutherland and infant	Mr and Mrs Durot
Col and Mrs Strover and 2 infants	Mr J W Brown
Mr and Mrs Tennyson	Mr and Mrs G Yule
Col J R and Mrs Peart	Mr Apeake
Lt and Mrs Marrett	Mr W Thompson
Mr P A Walker	Mr and Mrs Fowler
	Mr J Druet

FROM BRINDISI.

Col and Mrs Barrow	Dr Sydney Smith
Mr Groom	Mr Eyan
Mr C Sharp	Mr H W Jones
Mr T J Davidson	Capt Henry
Mr and Mrs Naylor	Mr T Williams
Mr and Mrs Brett	Mr J F Bartlett
Miss Brett	Hamid Ali Khan
Col H M Holroyd	Mr and Mrs W Brown
Mr Basil Scott	Mrs Lee
Mr Witney	Mr F K Johnson
Hon Justice Beverley	Mr M Rafique
Miss Beverley	Mr W Riddle
Mr G B Reid	Mr Justice Oldfield
Capt C W Dosack	Miss Oldfield
Gen H Hancock	Mr H B Waller
Mr G Thompson	Mr and Mrs T Smith
Mr J McArthur	Mr T S Wakley
Mr T Wyer	Mr Graham
Mr C A S Bedford	Mr L Meyer
Surg-Maj F Keith	Mr W M Hughes
Major Leacock	Rev D O Donnell

FROM ADEN.

Mr L A Hartigam	Mr Hormusji Nusserwanji

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Town Council, 3 p.m.

Mr. Stuart Cumberland's Thought-reading, Town Hall, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Khiva (s), from Hongkong ; Berenice (s), Trieste ; Burmah (s), Kurrachee ; and Miranda (s), Maryport.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Cypromene, for Calcutta ; and Timsah (s), Colombo.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Khiva entered, and the s. s. Miranda left, the dock yesterday.

ARRIVAL OF NATIVE CHIEFS.—The Thakore of Palitana arrived here on Monday, and has taken up his residence in a bungalow at Nepean Sea-road, Malabar Hill. He is accompanied by a number of armed followers. H. H. the Maharaja of Rutlam, and Maharaja Kumar and Bapoosaheb, arrived in Bombay by the mail-train yesterday morning, for a change of air. He has put up at Roobjee Mody's bungalow, Malabar Hill.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Dansing Ramsing, aged 50 years, a carpenter by trade, living at Cammateepoora, was yesterday charged, before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, with having on Monday attempted to commit suicide by taking a quantity of opium. The accused admitted the charge, pleading that he had been in ill-health for the past two years. He was sentenced to one day's imprisonment, and a fine of Rs. 10, with the alternative of one week's simple imprisonment.

JACK ASHORE.—John Kelly, a sailor, was charged before Mr. Cooper yesterday with being drunk and disorderly, and with carrying a loaded revolver without a license. Constable Cuff stated that he was informed by a soldier that Kelly had pointed a loaded revolver at his head, and was very disorderly. He at once accompanied the soldier, arrested the accused in the Prince of Wales Hotel, and took away the revolver, which was five-chambered and loaded. It was in his pocket, and at full cock. He was drunk at the time. His worship said he would treat the case merely as one of being drunk and disorderly. He would, however, order that the revolver be made over to the Commissioner of Police. The accused was also fined Rs. 2. As he said he had no money, his worship gave him a day's imprisonment.

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.—The following are the winning numbers for the month of October :—

Rs. 100 Prizes.

			Nos.
Yellow Line Up	1	Anna	919400
Green Line Up	1	" A	083938

Rs. 10 Prizes.

Lavender Line Down	2	"	086958
Green Line Down	2	"	139466
Yellow Line Down	1½	"	089536
Yellow Line Up	1½	"	139587
Blue Line Up	1	"	621235
Lavender Line Down	1	"	869649
Special Line Down	1	"	954093
Special Line Down	1	"	976198
Green Line Down	1	" A	110400
Special Line Down	1	" A	035921
Green Line Down	½	"	150447
Lavender Line Up	½	"	152576
Special Line Up	½	"	198680
Special Line Up	½	"	198756
Special Line Up	½	"	210870

Drawn by Mr. M. S. Muinsa (New Nagpada Hassra-stree).
" " M. Cawasjee. S. Patel (Cawasjee Patel-street).
" " Kaba Ghunjee Dalal (Kalbadevie).
" " G. A. Munshi (Market).
" " Balkrishna Shadashew (Colaba).

"PATIENCE" AT THE GAIETY.—The performance of "Patience" at the Gaiety Theatre last night, under the patronage of Captain Selfridge and the officers of the U. S. S. Omaha, was attended with a fair measure of success. There was a good house to encourage the performers. Though the public may be pardoned if they do not now as keenly appreciate the *motif* of the piece as when Du Maurier created it in the pages of *Punch*, the grotesque rivalry of the two poets, Bunthorne and Grosvenor, with their alternate successes with the love-sick maidens, was duly recognised. The actors, indeed, had no reason to complain of want of cordiality. Mr. Rigby as the æsthetic bard and Mr. Arthur Fawcet as the representative of the fleshly school were equally amusing. Miss Tilly Saroney made a capital "Patience ;" she sang with much power and expression, and was frequently applauded. Miss Elsa Wilson and Miss Lena Salinger were all they should have been as the love-sick maidens.

JEWISH SCHOOL IN THE FORT.—About eighteen months ago, when the Jewish Synagogue in Forbes-street was opened with great éclat, we announced that a charitable school in connection with it would be opened at no distant date on the ground-floor of the premises, under the auspices of the generous-hearted founder, Mr. J. E. Sassoon, eldest son of the late Mr. E. D. Sassoon. The school was opened on the 8th inst., but no ceremony was performed in connection with the opening. Mr. Sassoon and Mr. A. M. Gubbay were present on the occasion to afford encouragement to the teachers and the pupils. Thirty pupils attended on the opening day, and they have been placed under the charge of the Rev. Nasim Elisha, head-master, and Mr. Ezekiel Shemtob, second master. The hours of attendance are from 10 a. m. to 4 p.m. ; and the school will be open daily, except on Saturdays and recognised holidays. This is the only Jewish school in the Fort.

LAWLESSNESS.—The following memorial has been sent to the Commissioner of Police :—We the undersigned and other residents of the Sudashiv-street and its vicinity in Girgaum beg to lay before you the standing grievance that some low-class gangs of *tolivalas* have been in the habit of frequenting this locality and assaulting people, to the great annoyance and insecurity of the peaceful portion of the population. On several occasions there were riots, but the one that took place last night culminated in a general affray, resulting in wounding one man very seriously ; so much so that were it not for our coming out to the rescue of the poor victim, there would surely have been a murder to record. Under these circumstances we respectfully solicit the favour of your instituting inquiries by posting some detectives in this street, or by such means as you may think necessary for the security of the local residents. We shall also be extremely obliged by your advising the Municipality to provide sufficient light in the lane in this street, which is the chief place of the unlawful affrays.

BREACH OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT.

MR. LITTLE laid the following information before Mr. Cooper at the Fort Police Court yesterday, on behalf of Khan Bahadoor Byramjee Dadabhoy, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies in Bombay. The information stated that the Imperial Cotton Mills Company, Ld., was on the 15th December, 1881, registered as a joint-stock company in Bombay, and carry on their business in an office at No. 7, Hummum-street. Informant learnt that on the 2nd August, 1883, the nominal capital of the company was increased from Rs. 4,50,000 to seven lakhs by a resolution of the directors, in accordance with its articles of association. No notice of the increase of this capital had been given to him, as required by the Indian Companies Act. Informant therefore charged the Imperial Cotton Mill Company, and Mr. R. Hyde-Cheetham, one of the firm of the secretaries, managers, and agents, with contravening section 57 of Act VI. of 1882.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—In weakness of children its efficacy is unequalled. Thomas Hunt, Esq., F. R. C. S., late Medical Officer of Health, St. Giles's and Bloomsbury, writes :—"In badly nourished infants, Dr. de Jongh's Cod Liver Oil is invaluable. The rapidity with which two or three tea-spoonfuls a daye will fatten a young child is astonishing. The weight gaind in three times the weight of the oil swallowed, or more. Children generally like the taste of Dr. de Jongh's Oil, and when it is given them, often cry for more. Sold only in capsuled Imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, all by chemists, druggists, and store-keepers. Sole Consignees, Ansar, Harford and Co., 210, High Holborn, London.

BENGAL.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.—His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, accompanied by Lady and Miss Thompson, arrived at Calcutta on Friday at 1-20 p.m. by special train from Darjiling. The party also comprised Mr. N. D. Blyth, Mr. D. J. Macpherson, Mr. F. C. Barnes, Private Secretary, and Captain Rawlinson, Aide-de-Camp. There was a very large attendance of European and native gentlemen on the railway platform at Sealda to welcome His Honour, who appeared to be in greatly improved health. His Honour, on alighting, exchanged greetings with a number of those present, both on the platform and in the large hall of the station, and then drove off to Belvedere. The Lieutenant-Governor will leave for Orissa on the 12th or 13th, accompanied by Lady Thompson and a party of officials. On his return by the end of the month he will start for Dacca in the Rhotas to open the Dacca and Mymensingh Railway, returning to Calcutta in time to receive His Excellency the Viceroy.

PIRACY IN THE CHINA SEAS.

CAPTAIN OF A BRITISH STEAMER MURDERED.

FOR many years past, there has been such an entire absence of piratical attacks on foreign vessels, either steamers or sailing vessels, that foreign merchants in Hongkong and China and foreign shipowners have fondly assured themselves that the days of piracy on foreign craft, once so common in the China Seas, especially in the Southern latitudes, were completely over. This pleasant belief has, however, been rudely shattered by the terrible tragedy which was enacted on board the British steamer Greyhound (of London) on Saturday, Oct. 17. It is many years now since anything of the same nature occurred, but the tactics employed by the daring men who committed the piracy on the Greyhound are exactly similar to those employed by the men who attacked the Canton river steamer Spark in 1874.

The Greyhound left Hongkong on the 17th ult. at daylight, for Hoihow, with a general cargo and about 120 Chinese passengers and a crew of 30.

The steamer was under the command of Captain C. W. Syder, formerly chief officer of the British steamer De Bay ; and was officered as follows :—George Sherville, first officer; C. F. Jacobsen, second officer ; William Bennett, chief engineer ; and George H. da Silva, second engineer ; the rest of the sailors and firemen being Chinese. All went well with the vessel until she had arrived just off the island of Ku Lan (or Tai Lou), about 30 miles S. W. from the Ladrone Islands and about 70 miles from Hongkong, the historical hunting-ground of the Kwantung pirates. It was then about noon, and those members of the Chinese crew who were not actually at work, were engaged on their midday meal on the forecastle. The weather was somewhat rough, and the rest of the passengers were down on the 'tween decks, most of them more or less actually affected by *mal de mer*, and a number of men who afterwards turned out to be pirates, feigning to be so. The captain and the chief officer were on the bridge, amidships ; the second officer and the chief engineer were at the after part of the ship, on the starboard side and the second engineer was down below in the engine room. While the crew were in the respective positions described, some of the passengers, on the pretext that they were sick, came on to the main deck, from the main hatch, and no sooner were a number on deck than they came out in their true colours as pirates, and commenced firing at the chief engineer and second officer. The latter were, of course, taken entirely by surprise, and rushed towards the saloon, amidships, where their cabins and the armoury were. As they ran forward they were fired at by several of the men, and the second officer received no less than seven bullet wounds and the chief engineer two before he reached the forehold, where they took refuge. Immediately the first shot was fired the captain looked round, and shouted to the man who had fired it ; but at once he and the first officer seeing other men aim at them with their revolvers, realised what was going on, and while the captain made to get to the chart room, on the bridge, where his revolver was, the chief officer ran down the starboard steps leading to the main deck, thence down the saloon steps into his cabin below, in order to get his revolver. Here Sherville closeted himself, so as to get his revolver loaded. The captain, less fortunate, was at once confronted by three or four of the ruffians who had reached the bridge by the port steps leading from the main deck and before he could reach the chart room (also on the port side) his assailants had poured a regular volley into him with their revolvers (some of them had two). The captain offered a strenuous resistance, but unarmed as he was, it was impossible for him to contend with the odds against him. We have not been able to find anyone who saw the whole encounter between the captain and his murderers, but one of the crew saw the captain pinned against the chart-house by one of the pirates, while another drove a long knife into his breast. They then lifted him up and threw him overboard, and fired at him even after he was in the water.

Meanwhile other members of the buccaneering party were engaged in overawing the other members of the crew and the rest of the passengers. The second engineer, hearing the shooting going on, came up on deck to see what was the matter. No sooner had he done so than several of the desperadoes fired seven or eight shots at him, but luckily failed to hit him. He also made a dart for his room, which he succeeded in gaining without injury. Here he locked himself in, but on the pirates politely informing him that if he did not come out they would kill him, and that if he did and looked after the engines, they would not, he thought the wiser plan was to let them have their own way. He then came out of his room, and was ordered down into the engine room, being accompanied by one of the pirates, a tall, muscular man who compelled him to obey his orders at the muzzle of a revolver. At the top of the engine-room stairs stood another guardian, also armed with a revolver. The purser (Cheung Yu), a fluent speaker of English, was next asked him one of the murderous gang, who, the purser seemed to step out of his cabin, first, the purser seemed disinclined to comply, but a bullet passing dangerously close to his body, he obeyed. Outside, his attendant saluted him in the same agreeable manner four times, but, strange to say, not one of the shots took effect. Seeing what was wanted of him, the purser slipped a valuable jade-stone bangle off his arm, and handed it over to his dangerous attendant, and also promised him all his money. This seemed to satisfy the pirate, and firing ceased so far as the purser was concerned. He and the passengers were, however, advised to retire as quietly and as quickly as possible to the 'tween decks, over which the pirate leader had planted sentries.

In the meantime, those of the crew forward who were not required on duty, were also requested to retire aft, and the leaders, through some of the boys who had secreted themselves in the cabin, informed the chief officer, who was still closeted in his own room, that if he consented not to hurt them, and gave up the keys of the treasure chest, they would not hurt him. Thinking prudence the better part of valour, the chief officer accepted these terms, and gave up the keys. He was then ordered into the forehold. He was afterwards ordered into the 'tween decks aft, where the second officer and chief engineer were also removed. There they were all battened down, along with the *bona-fide* passengers, and left to ruminate over their unhappy fate.

The pirates were now in full and undisputed possession of the ship. Two men with revolvers kept the bridge, and compelled the regular quarter-masters to turn the ship about and steer in the direction of Hongkong. With the greatest *nonchalance* they now and then scanned the horizon with the captain's binoculars, and once when they saw a passing steamer and some junks they ordered the Greyhound to be steered away from them. Sometimes also, although they did not seem to understand the use of the 'telegraph,' they would order the engines to be stopped, to go halfspeed and so on, apparently for sheer devilment and amusement.

While these two were thus employed on the bridge, the other members of the band which is estimated to have numbered between 30 and 40, were ransacking the captain and officers' cabins, the saloon, and chart-room, taking everything which was of value and easily portable. Altogether the property and money taken is valued at $10,000, a pretty fair haul for a band of Chinese pirates. All these articles were collected together for transhipment, and about dusk, when the steamer had by this time made her way back to within forty miles of Hongkong, and was quite near Man-san, one of the Ladrones, three junks came alongside in answer to the pirates' signals. The plunder was then transferred to the junks.

During the time the booty was being transferred, some of the leading spirits, after having ordered the engine to be stopped, went down into the engine room, ordered all the steam to be blown off, compelled the firemen to draw the fires, and then removed some of the most necessary parts of the engines, rendering the ship utterly helpless. Among other things they took away the lever of the feed pump, and a number of the brasses, and threw them overboard. They also stove in all the four boats, so that no one could leave the ship.

All three junks were two-masted, and resembled strongly the ordinary type of salt smugglers. The two with most booty on board left first, and then the junk remaining, the most heavily armed of the three, followed. Before it did so, its occupants informed those on the steamer that if they saw any signs of smoke from the funnel, they would immediately return, and fire in to her. This threat, however, did not deter the second engineer and those under him from at once starting to provide substitutes for the missing parts of the engine and relight the fires. A wooden lever for the feed pump was manufactured within an hour from the time the pirates left, about half-past eight in the evening, and this was very cleverly rigged up by means of lead ends, and wire ropes and iron bolts, to the engine.

When the chief officer was released, the Greyhound was about four miles W. by N. of the Ladrones, and he could see the three junks standing on the starboard tack, as if they were bound for Macao.

Steam was got up about half-past twelve, and the steamer moved ahead again for Hongkong at ten minutes to one, and arrived there about 9 a.m. on Oct. 19. On their arrival the Admiral and the Police were at once communicated with, and the injured men removed to the Government Civil Hospital. About six o'clock in the evening the British gunboat Midge, with a Chinese detective and interpreter and the two quartermasters who were on duty on the Greyhound while the pirates were in charge on board, went off in search of the pirates. Her movements are uncertain.

Captain Syder was a young man, having been born in London in 1854, and was about to be married, his bride being expected to arrive at Hongkong on the 6th of November. A pathetic incident is told in connection with his death.

From the above recital, it can easily be seen that the officers, crew and passengers of the Greyhound have had an experience which few people would envy. For over eight hours, they were completely at the mercy of a band of determined and reckless scoundrels, and it can easily be imagined that, as one of the crew expressed it, 'the eight hours looked like a week.' A man has been arrested in Macao who is believed to have been concerned in the affair, with some of the stolen property on him.—*China Mail.*

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per Bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

THE MAYO COLLEGE, AJMERE.

WE published on Monday a full telegraphic account of the opening of the Mayo College by His Excellency the Viceroy. The following is a description of the building :—

The College is in the Hindustani or Hindu Saracenic style of architecture, which Lord Northbrook selected as the most suitable for a province abounding in fine examples of similar architecture, and one which the Native Chiefs themselves have adopted for their own residences. The fusion of Hindu and Mahomedan architecture developed in Rajputana is admirably adapted to modern requirements, as it meets the exigencies imposed by the climate and harmonises with the traditions of the people. The College, which faces the west, is approachable from all directions, and is encircled by a level terrace. In the centre is a lecture-hall sixty-eight feet by forty in extreme dimensions, its east end being nearly a semi-circle. At its front is the main entrance porch with a large open entrance arch. In the rear is the vestibule with a small entrance porch supported by pillars of Hindu form with bracket capitals. The north wing provides one class-room, library, two water-rooms, and a passage connecting the east and west verandahs. The south wing is similarly arranged, except that the large room corresponding to the library is divided into two apartments, one for the Principal and the other for an office. In the hall is a statue of Lord Mayo, with the following inscription on the front face :—

This Statue is erected in honour of
RICHARD SOUTHWELL BOURKE,
EARL OF MAYO,
K.P., G.M.S.I.,
Viceroy of India,
From 1868 to 1872.
Born February 21, 1822. Died February 8, 1872.
The force of mind and body which
enabled him to deal wisely and promptly
with every branch of public business :
the justice which uniformly
guided his policy ;
the benevolence which endeared him
to all whom he ruled ;
the admirable candour and openness of mind
which enabled him to learn
from all who approached him ;
and the wonderful sweetness of disposition
which subdued even his enemies
can never be forgotten by those who knew him,
and have produced lasting effects
on the Indian Empire,
in the service of which he spent his best years
and lost his life.
It was his hope that this College,
of which he first suggested the foundation,
might promote among the youth of Rajputana
the cardinal virtues of
fortitude, temperance, justice, and benevolence,
of which his own life
gave a splendid example.

Ample provision of verandah is made both in front and rear of the College, giving sheltered access to all parts of the building, and the greater part of the rear verandah is enclosed by glazed sashes, thereby affording convenient communication between all parts of the building, and obviating the necessity of passing through the different rooms. Considerable variety of outline, both of plan and sky line, is secured by the projection of the lecture and large end rooms to rear as well as front, and by the provision of a clock-tower at the south-east corner of the vestibule. There are also small domed entrance porches at the ends of the building ; cupolas of different forms crown the various angles ; and a small bell-turret is corbelled out from the north-east angle of the roof of the vestibule. Two octagonal minarets are moreover introduced at the front angles of the lecture hall to give emphasis to the central feature of the front, and terminate at the roof level in cupolas crowned by the well-known Hindu Sikhara domes.

The clock-tower forms the most prominent feature in the design, and gives additional importance to the College as the central building of the group of handsome structures, including the new offices of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, scattered around it. It has a richly moulded and slightly spreading base, and is taken up as a square twenty-two feet from the ground. It is then champered to an octagonal shaft which, at the height of fifty-eight feet, corbels out again to the square form, ornamental pendals being introduced at the apex of the corbelling at each angle. Above the corbelling bold stone brackets support a narrow projecting balcony with perforated stone railings, above which rises the square clock chamber, terminated in a richly corbelled cornice and crowned by an iron-gilded dome of ornamental design, the sides of which are pierced by open arcadings ; on to this is fixed a gilded copper finial. A circular stair rises in the tower to the level of the balcony, whence an iron ladder gives access to the interior of the cupola. Windows are inserted in the tower where necessary to light the staircase, and a door opens on the level of the lecture-room roof with which it communicates by means of a small bridge, forming a picturesque connection between the upper partition of the tower and the main building.

In the interior of the building, decorations of a simple character in moulded panelling, cusped archings and cornices, have been sparingly introduced, but in the lecture-room the front doorways are enriched by attached point and mullion shafts and pilasters, with their arch heads fitted with perforatad scroll work. Panelled arcading decorates the upper part of the walls at each end of the hall. Some thirty-seven feet from the floor the ceiling is covered inwards with teakwood to a projection of six feet, the depth of the cove being five feet. A band, twelve inches deep and sloping inwards, then occurs, over which the ceiling is flat. The cove is divided into panels by moulded ribs with ornamental pendants at their outer ends, and springing from corbels in the cornice which runs round the hall below. The perforated eaves board is ornamented with gilded pateræ, and the flat portion of the ceiling, which is also of teakwood, is pear pattern, in which mouldings into a geometric pattern are introduced covered two large flat glazed lights the sides of which a ventilating space is provided all round.

With the exception of the lecture-hall all the rooms have been tinted in distemper, but through the generosity of the Maharaja of Jeypore the Council were able to have something more elaborate in the centre hall, and its colouring has been most effectively executed in oils by Mr. Freyberger. Each panel in the ceiling is painted with stencilled flowers of various colours of a pale buff ground. The ribs or mouldings are tinted in pale pink, and a line of gold ornaments the cavetto. The cove is tinted and stencilled, the moulded ribs dividing the panels, being flanked with gold, and all pendants picked out with pale blue, and their bases, centre rings and caps gilded. The walls are tinted in harmony with the ceiling. All the panels are of the same buff tint with inside cusped panellings of pale blue relieved by white stencils. The mouldings throughout the room are gilded ; the dado is of a rich olive green with coloured imitation Minton tiles decorating its upper edge, and its wainscot of black. Blue lace stencillings are introduced both below the upper cornice and the band running underneath the window openings ; the band itself is divided into geometrical panellings tinted buff on a grey ground with blue star ornamentations. The cusped recesses are surmounted by fan-shaped panels of pale grey with stencillings of white, and white and gilded pateræ are inserted at the upper corners and in the arch spandrils. The glazing of the flat lights are of coloured glass, one light being the representation of the sun, and the other of the moon, the mythological sources from which the chief Rajput dynasties claim to have sprung. Besides being decorative features, these transparencies assist in lighting the room, ceiling, and cove. The floors of the lecture hall, the main entrance porch, and verandahs are of grey, white, green and pink marbles laid on geometrical patterns ; those of all the other rooms are terraced and polished.

Ample light and ventilation are secured throughout the building by full provision of doors and windows, clerestory windows are inserted in the class rooms, library, office, and Principal's rooms. The mass of the masonry of the plinth and superstructure of the building is of coursed rubble laid in lime mortar. The outer faces of the building throughout and the inside of the open verandahs and entrance porch are built of white marble with bands of black introduced at intervals. With the exceptions noted the interior of the building is plastered ; the roofs are made of stone slabs terraced throughout ; and the doors are entirely of teakwood, the upper panels of the outer ones being glazed with sheets of thick plate glass. The building is certainly a most handsome and striking specimen of architecture, and with the many elegant houses in its vicinity forms quite a feature of this part of the valley.

DR. LEITNER AND THE PUNJAB UNIVERSITY.

DR. LEITNER has sent the following letter to the *Civil and Military Gazette*, replying to its strictures on his action in resigning the Registrarship of the Punjab University :—You seem to forget that, when you refer to the license of speech which you allege, "the Registrar allowed himself" during "a series of conflicts" as "absolutely intolerable." I had a short-hand writer present at many meetings, whose notes will show whether "the patience and long-sufferings of the more prominent Fellows erred on the side of forbearance," or whether, as I submit, "the joint action" of these Fellows was calculated to try a better temper than I profess to possess. I am, however, glad to register your admission, that our youngest Fellows are also "the most prominent ;" they have certainly relieved the older Fellows, promoters and donors of the lead which the latter are entitled to take, under the conditions of Fellowship laid down in the Punjab University Act. I should have thought that, if there is to be a Dictator at all, the humble interpreter of the wishes of the Founders of the University is a "better Committee of one," than newly- elected Fellows, who have not yet had time to contribute liberally to our funds or to advance, by their own teaching or literary productions, the aims of Oriental education and research, for which I asked and received subscriptions, in establishing the University. I, therefore, cannot allow you to prejudice the opinion of the real Senate by quoting only the lengthy resolution on one side of the question, without asking you to insert also my brief amendment. How you obtained that resolution before the proceedings of the meeting, to which it was brought, were written out countersigned by the Vice-Chancellor and authoritatively published, I need not inquire ; mine was written entirely at the time in answer to the resolution, and is merely as follows : "That the subject-matter of the alleged accusations be brought before an independent committee, consisting of one or two of the practising barristers and a professional accountant or agent of a Bank, unconnected with the Government or Senate, and that this committee be empowered to take evidence, and to report on it to the Senate."

It may be asked—why go to an independent tribunal when the Senate is competent to examine its own affairs ? To begin with, a large and fluctuating body like our Senate or Syndicate is more fitted for the discussion of principles than the conduct of business, and is liable to be swayed by those who relieve it of the difficulty of coming to conclusions after exhaustive arguments, by bringing Resolutions ready made to the meetings. Again, the Senate was, in some of the alleged instances of the misapplication of trusts, merely the agent for the purchase of certain dies for medals, which have not yet been bought ; the money for them having been spent on University purposes ; the agent or broker, therefore acts only wisely in the interests of his reputation, in declining to be a judge in his own case.

Finally, the Senate are themselves trustees on behalf of the donors, as regards other items which are vested in them for certain purposes, and of which they are not merely the percolating medium, as in the case of those first mentioned. When therefore the exact fulfilment of donors' gifts is questioned it seems to me that the donors are the proper judges and that at any rate, an institution, which largely depends on voluntary contributions and which aims at becoming a great national University, and the depository of pious bequests, consults its own interests best by inviting the most independent enquiry and by frankly admitting any mistakes that it may be shown to have made.

I may state that in the unsought personal opinion of one of our highest Judges of India the transactions in question appear to be (*a*) as regards the first series an unintentional breach of trust, and (*b*) as regards the second series an unintentional "misappropriation," a word which goes beyond my use of the term "misapplication." I cannot repeat too often that I entirely exculpate Messrs Parker and Lewis whom I nominated to the Officiating Registrarship and the Assistant Registrarship respectively from any intentional misuse of funds. Still, as the Syndicate and Senate did not know that trust funds were being spent, and in some instances, actually ordered certain sums to be funded which have been spent in disobedience to their orders, I cannot help thinking that Messrs. Parker and Lewis are legally, though not morally, liable to refund the money. Indeed, the Finance Committee's Report, as was admitted at the Syndicate meeting on Saturday last, was a severe censure on their management, whilst as regards the Syndicate itself "the committee must hold that, when the balance of the funded account was taken over from the trustee, the instructions of the Syndicate, and if necessary, of the Senate, should have been taken as to its disposal."

This brings me to the question of accounts. I cannot admit that money given for the purchase of dies *belonged* either to the funded or to the current account, or indeed to University purposes at all, which only arise when the medals from these dies are struck and are awarded in accordance with the conditions attached to them. The professional accountants whom I have consulted, consider that (*a*) the terms "over drafts" and "loans" are utterly inapplicable to the transactions, and that even "transfers from funded to current account" is an incorrect or misleading statement, in some of the instances in which it is used. Indeed, the transactions are matters of fact, and not of mere book entries. We are confronted with a real loss of funds, and what has occurred is unique in the history of the University, and will, I trust, never occur again. Even as regards the mere keeping of accounts, I cannot sufficiently repudiate the insinuation, apparently conveyed in the resolution which you published, that what is complained of, as occurring in 1883-84, during my absence, ever occurred before those years.

I will deal with the partial non-application of the Gurmukhi endowments so generously made by the great Phulkian Chiefs in a letter to the Fellows in connection with Sir Lepel Griffin's protest of December last against the deviations of the Punjab University from its original principles. In the meanwhile, I must appeal to the real Senate of donors and promoters for protection against the oligarchy, which has been enabled to obtain the control of our affairs ; under the assumption that it represents the views of the Punjab Government. At the same time, I entirely deny that I ever intended, or showed the least disrespect towards any of my colleagues from whom I differ in opinion.

It is clear that nothing will inspire greater confidence in the University, than the conviction among the subscribing public, that mistakes, once discovered, are frankly admitted and generously rectified, and that the interests of donors are, at no time sacrificed to save the *amour propre* of those in fault. Indeed, the only excuse that I can make for the persistent persecution from which I have suffered since my return to India last year, and of which I was warned before my return, is the mistaken notion that the reputation of the University might suffer by inconvenient exposures.

Prestige, however, to be lasting, must be founded on fact, not fiction. I submit that the resolutions of last Saturday are not a fair conclusion from the report of the Financial Committee, which they appear to admire and support, and that, if these resolutions are accepted by such members as will constitute the Senate Meeting on the question, the credit of the Punjab University will be for ever shaken. I am glad, however, that I have aided in somewhat restoring the prestige of the University, by inducing the Syndicate, after the hardest struggle of nearly ten months, to recommend to Senate—(*a*) that the spent trust be restored ; (*b*) that the rule imposing the entrance test before admission to certain examinations, and which frustrated the objects of the Gurmukhi endowments, be cancelled ; (*c*) that the advances made from current income in 1876 and subsequent years, for acquisitions of a permanent nature be repaid from capital, and, from the cash thus set free, restore the spent trusts ; (*d*) that my suggestions for the future protection and separate classification and investment of special trusts were accepted. Under these circumstances, I can well afford to be indifferent to the vituperation and misrepresentation regarding my action, that have disfigured your columns, and I can resign the Registrarship with the feeling that I have done my duty to the donors, and in the interests of the University to the very last.

SIR ROBERT PEEL.

THE second part of the Greville memoirs, contains the following portrait of Sir Robert Peel :—

"My acquaintance with Peel was slight and superficial. I never associated with him, and never was in his house except on two or three occasions at rare intervals. He scarcely lived at all in society ; he was reserved but cordial in his manner, had few intimate friends, and it may be doubted whether he was in the habit of disclosing his thoughts, feelings, and intentions with entire frankness and freedom. In his private relations he was not merely irreproachable, but good, kind, and amiable. The remarkable decorum of his life, the domestic harmony and happiness he enjoyed, and the simplicity of his habits and demeanour, contributed largely, without doubt, to the estimation in which he was held. He was easy of access, courteous and patient, and those who approached him generally left him gratified by his affability, and edified and astonished at the extensive and accurate knowledge, as well as the sound practical sense and judgment, which he displayed on all subjects. It was by the continual exhibition of these qualities that he gained such a mastery over the public mind, and such prodigious influence in the House of Commons. . . In 1835 the rash and abortive attempt of William IV. to get rid of the Whigs made Peel the minister of a hundred days. This was the most brilliant period of his life, and it was during that magnificent campaign, that he established the vast reputation which, while clouds of suspicion and distrust, of enmity and dislike, were all the while gathering about him, made him for nearly twenty years by far the most conspicuous, important, and powerful of English statesmen. He not only reorganised his party, but he revived its political influence, and laid the foundation for regaining its former power. His policy was as successful as it was wise. He flung himself cheerfully and confidently into the new order of things, associated himself with the sentiments and the wants of the nation, and day by day saw his reputation increasing both in Parliament and throughout the country. The Tories abandoned themselves to his guidance with a mixture of passive reliance and admiration and of lurking resentment for the past with distrust and suspicion for the future. They rejoiced in the chief who made them once more powerful, and led them on to victory ; but they felt that there were no real sympathies between themselves and him. While he was boldly advancing with the spirit of the age, they were lagging behind gloomily regarding his manifestation of Liberal principles in which they did not participate, and lingering of those traditions of the past which they saw that he had entirely forsaken. . . . The misfortune of Peel all along was that there was no real community of sentiment between him and his party except in respect to certain great principles which had ceased to be in jeopardy and which therefore required no united efforts to defend them. There was no longer any danger of organic reforms ; the House of Lords and the Church were not threatened ; the great purposes for which Peel had rallied the Conservative interest had been accomplished : almost from the first moment of his advent to power in 1841 he and his party stood in a false position towards each other. He was the liberal chief of a party in which the old anti-liberal spirit was still rife. . . . They considered Peel to be not only the minister, but the creature, of the Conservative party, bound above all things to support and protect their especial interests according to their own views and opinions. He considered himself the minister of the nation, whose mission it was to redress the balance which mistaken maxims or partial legislation had deranged, and to combine the interest of all classes in one homogeneous system, by which the prosperity and happiness of the whole commonwealth would be promoted. They thought of nothing but the present sacrifices which this system would entail on the proprietors of land, while he thought only of the great benefits which it would ultimately confer upon the people at large."

DIVINE SERVICE.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board the s. s. Rydal Hall, in the Prince's Dock, this evening at half-past seven o'clock. Captains, officers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, November 9.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·876
Temperature of the Air	82·9
Web Bulb Thermometer	78·1
Dew Point	76·4
Relative humidity of Air	·810
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	1·6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	88·3
Minimum do. do (read at 10 a.m.)	78·8
General Directions of Wind*	N. NE. NW. NNW. N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	250

* From midnight to midnight.

A WOOLWICH correspondent vouches for the fact that there is an old man employed as night porter at the workhouse, Plumstead, who has not been to bed for nearly seven years. He sometimes dozes in his chair at the lodge-gate, but is seldom undisturbed for half-an-hour at the time, and the longest sleep he has had in the seven years was one stretch of three hours. He is 74 years of age, but quite active and in capital health : he has recently become a teetotaller, and gave up smoking a few years since because he had reached a consumption of 9oz. a week and thought the habit extravagant. As he does not need rest he is never off duty, except when he takes a day's holiday ; but after concluding his night-watch at the gate he goes on a day-watch as assistant porter at the workhouse, and does this double task without relief or change for months together. The old man who is intelligent and well-informed, was formerly a butcher, and it has been his habit during most of his life to exist without his bed from Sunday to Sunday, being late in the slaughter-house and early in the morning market day after day so long as he was fit for hard work.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 27 June, 2017

SALES BY AUCTION.

JOHN AND COMPANY.
No. 8, APOLLO-STREET.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. JOHN and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their auction rooms, valuable blackwood and teakwood French-polished furniture, plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, hanging, wall and table lamps, rich oleographs, pianofortes (by Joseph Kirkman & Son), marble top table and teapoys, dressing glasses, and washing tables, arm and without arm chairs, cupboards, show cases, easy and folding chairs, hat stand, single and double cots, sofas, chest-of-drawers, one lot ice pitchers, clocks, imitation jewellery, 20 boxes of champagne of Millin and Rankin, 3 casks paint colour, and other articles.

JOHN & CO.

Bombay, 11th November, 1885.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 12th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twists, &c. :—

1 case black woollen cloth, superfine.
5 „ playing cards.
4 „ magenta colour.
On account of the concerned ex s. s. Thames—
1 case Price and Gosnell's real old brown windsor soap.
1 „ concerned essence of white rose and damask rose.
2 „ assorted toilet soap.
10 „ green dye in ½-lb. tins.
4 cases brass wire.
5 „ Schnapps.
4 bales brown paper.
3 „ grey shirtings.
6 Richard patent improved steam engine indicator with spring and scale.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 11th November, 1885.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO-STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst., at 4 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, under instructions from Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., sell by Public Auction, at the premises at Nos. 11 and 15, Hornby-row, next to the office of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.

The whole of the building materials of the two houses. For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 14th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their rooms—

1 case of large and small Letts's Diaries.
Will be sold in small lots to suit purchasers.

Also an invoice of 18 cases of provision, consisting of oatmeal, pearl barley, Oxford sausages, corn flour, Anglo-Swiss milk, Colman's mustard, Scotch mixture, lozenges, American salmon, sardines, sardines in butter, York hams in canvas, Wilts bacon, Hilton cheese, &c., &c.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 Handsome strong pony cart with grey pony and harness.
1 Second-hand strong glass-fronted miniature brougham, in good order.
1 Second-hand palanquin office shigram.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms an invoice of hardware consisting of dish covers, tin strainers, grid-iron, brushes, egg strainer, candlesticks, hand lantern of sorts, tea kettle, spoons and forks, &c.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 Handsome strong English-built brougham.
1 do. strong-built mail phaeton.
1 do. fast-trotting grey Arab horse.

AUCTION SALE OF Flour Mill Machinery, Bovter's Engine, &c., at Camateepoora 1st Street.

On MONDAY, the 16th inst., at 3 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, by order of the Mortgagee, Thucker Ramjee Kessowjee, and on account and risk of the Mortgager, Khoja Datoobhoy Allibhoy, sell by Public Auction, at the premises, the following machinery lying in the house assessed under Nos. 271, 273 and 275, situate at Camateepoora 1st Street.

1 single engine, made by Charles D. Young of London, the stroke whereof 2 ft. and 4 inches.

1 boiler 15 ft. long 4½ ft. in diameter, made by Messrs. Benjamin Hicks and Sons of Bolton, grinding stones, underground water pipes, vice, lantern, flour-cleaning shafts complete, spare cylinder, pulleys, leather belts and other sundry articles.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale, and the machinery to be removed within 10 days.

On WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 37, Middle Colaba, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte, by Broadwood and Sons, a handsome large size fish aquarium with gold fish, rich Brussels and velvet carpets, first-rate oleographs in gilt frame, handsome Hink's duplex table and hanging kerosine lamps, a handsome strong English-built large four-seated open carriage by "Harrison," sets of single harness, &c., the property of W. G. CORKE, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Land's End, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood, plain and carved French-polished household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany grand square piano, by Kapps, a handsome mahogany full size slate billiard table, with lamps, cues, &c., complete, by Thurston, handsome large pier glasses in gilt frame, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, an English-built four-seated open carriage, by Gutteridge, London, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of J. FACHIRI, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

On MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Hornby Vellard, West Point, Worelee, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best electro-plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware handsome 12 lights hanging chandeliers by Nash, double light wall shades, a handsome oakwood full-sized slate billiard table by J. Bennett and Co, with balls, cues, lamps, &c. complete, first-rate oil paintings and oleographs in rich gilt frame, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, rich Persian and velvet carpets, &c. &c, the property of Hon. M. MELVILL, changing his residence.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view ... days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 11th November, 1885.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from the Superintendent, Prince's Dock, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Dock premises, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 p.m.

A quantity of grain sweepings, old wood, iron, &c.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Mazagon, Darookhana, by order of Mr. Meerzamull Shewbux—

150 tons superior teak scantlings and posts of various sizes.

In lots to suit purchasers.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 12th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Rampart Row, Fort, opposite Watson's Hotel, in the house occupied by C. A. GRAVES, Esq., the office and household furniture consisting of drawing-room, dining, writing, pier, dressing and wash-hand tables, conversation couches, drawing-room, easy and dining room chairs, sideboard, hat and gown stands, screens, conversation and reclining couches, whatnot, teapoys, bentwood chairs, camp cot, chest-of-drawers, clothes press, pictures, table ornaments, flower vases, office chair, envelope-box, &c.

Property on view.

Under instructions from the Bombay Port Trust, Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Malet Bunder, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p.m.—

A quantity of iron files, paint, &c.
In lots to suit purchasers.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ORDNANCE STORES AND FIRE ENGINE.

Under instructions from the Commissary of Ordnance, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by public auction at the Bombay Arsenal on FRIDAY, the 13th inst., at 2 p.m.

A large quantity of unserviceable Ordnance stores consisting of copper buckets, timber, firewood, paulins, leather pieces, harness, &c. ; also one fire-engine by Shand and Mason.

SALE OF PRESSES, ENGINE, BOILERS, PUMPS, &c. AT THE SCOTT PRESS, VICTORIA BUNDER, COLABA.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the premises of Scott Press at Colaba, by order of Mr. Assur Virjee—

Six presses for pressing cotton, wool, hemp, jute, gunny, &c., by Wren and Hopkinson; also pumps by Wren and Hopkinson, engine by W. J. Galloway, 2 boilers by W. J. Galloway, 2 boilers by Daniel Adamson, shaftings, pullies, wheels, &c.

The presses and machinery are in working order, and can be inspected, and further information obtained on application at the office of Mr. Assur Veerjee in Mody Street, or at the office of the Jamshed Manufacturing Company, Limited, in Marine Street, Fort.

The above will be sold in separate lots.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 5, Cowasjee Patel-street, Fort, at the back of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a mahogany sympathetic square pianoforte, by Schiedmayer and Soehne, as good as new, being only a few months in use, rich table ornaments, handsome flower vases, kerosine-oil table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, &c., the property of ... G. BAILEY, Esq.

The property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF SUPERIOR FANCY WOOLLEN CLOTH.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

4 cases superior fancy woollen cloth for coats, trousers and suites, just landed ex s.s Ravenna, consisting of hair-line, west fancy, Scotch fancy, tweed, grey Derby fancy check, stripe fancy, west stripe, Scotch tweed, brown Derby, stripe fancy, worsted Scotch tweed, drab hairline, olive drab, brown and black diagonal overcoating, brown, drab green, and olive, beaver, black, blue and olive-green, and brown melton, fancy mix melton, indigo blue, large and small curl nap, woaded Oxford nap, black and brown Moscow Scotch treble-milled fancy tweed, mix solid corks, fancy solid worsted coating, check worsted coating, Scotch fancy coating, fancy milled suiting, &c.

The pieces, which are from 7 to 10 yards in length, will be sold singly (one piece at a time) to suit all buyers, and is now on view.

On SUNDAY, the 15th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 1, Lady Jamsetjee Road (Mr. Shapoorjee Nusserwanjee Bhedwar's Bungalow) at Mahim, opposite to Mahim Refreshment Room, the valuable and handsome carved and plain French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, platedware, crockery and glassware, Tucker's hanging argand lamps, 5 and 7 light hanging chandeliers, handsome pier glasses in gilt frames, table ornamented clocks, pictures, &c., the property of a Parsee gentleman.

Full particulars will be given hereafter and the property will be on view 4 days before sale.

On SATURDAY, the 21st inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Victoria Cross-road, Byculla, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, handsome flower vases, kerosine oil, table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, &c., the property of C. A GRAVES, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter, and the property will be on view 7 days before sale.

VALUABLE FREEHOLD LAND, Eminently suited for a Factory, Engineering Works, or other business purposes.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. have received instructions from the Directors of Bapty Brothers, Limited, to offer for sale, by Public Auction, towards the end of current month.

A plot of surplus land adjoining the East India Flour Mills in Falkland Road, containing 5,363 square yards or thereabouts. The central situation and close proximity of this site to main business thoroughfares render it of especial value to any one contemplating the erection of manufacturing premises near the city; such opportunities now becoming very scarce.

Date of sale will be notified hereafter; meantime the ground may be viewed and other particulars obtained on application to the auctioneers.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 11th November, 1885.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBER and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,0 0
RESERVE FUND £800,0 0

LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted through the Bank.

M. BLUM, Acting Manager.

Rampart Row W.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, Limited.

PAID-UP CAPITAL............£500,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest :—

FIXED, for 12 months .... 5 per cent. per annum.
„ „ 6 „ .... 4 per cent. „

and for other periods subject to special arrangement.

INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current account daily balances not exceeding Rs. 25,000.

DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody; no commission charged on withdrawal. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.

CLAIMS on the Official Liquidator of the Oriental Bank Corporation are purchased for cash or exchanged for Fixed Deposits of the New Oriental Bank on terms to be learned on application.

A. F. SIMPSON, Manager,
Bombay Branch.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND	$4,500,000
RESERVE FOR EQUALIZATION OF DIVIDENDS	500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS........................	$7,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
Chairman—Hon. F. D. SASSOON.
Deputy Chairman—A. MCIVER, Esq.

H. L. Dalrymple, Esq.	E. E. Sassoon, Esq.
H. Hoppius, Esq.	W. H. Forbes, Esq.
M. Grote, Esq.	C. D. Bottomby, Esq.
Hon. W. Keswick, Esq.	H. P. McIver, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong—The Hon. THOMAS JACKSON.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

BOMBAY—INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Accounts, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.
On Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

F. DE BOVIS,
Agent.

Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay, November 9, 1885.

WINES SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For List of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
18, Forbes Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE at the Godown of the undersigned :—

			Cash Prices. Rs.
CLARET	St. Chrystoly	Per doz. Qts.	12
	Do.	Per 2 doz. Pts.	14
	St. Estéphe	Per 1 doz. Qts.	11
	and Credit Rs. 15-8.		
	1878 Chateau Larose (after dinner Claret) ..	Per doz Qts.	22
STILL HOCK	Schiersteiner............	„ „	18
	Hochheimer	„ „	21
	Rüdesheimer Berg	„ „	28
MOSELLE	Moselleblümchen	„ „	14
	Graacher	„ „	16
	Piesporter	„ „	18
	Barncastler	„ „	20
BEER	Pilsener... ......per case of 4 doz.	Qts.	20
	Imperial (Kiel) ... „ 4 „	Qts.	21
	Pints Rs. 8 more „ 8 „		
	Christiania........ „ 4 „	Qts.	20
	Do. „ 8 „	Pts.	26

CASH rates charged if paid within a month. Apply to
C. FLEMMING, 12, Medow-street,

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned :—

CHAMPAGNE

	Per 1 doz. quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry............	Rs. 50 0	
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	„ 54 0	Rs 56 0
Cuvee de Choix Champagne	„ 44 0	..
Dry Elite „	„ 46 0	„ 48 0
First Quality Dry	„ 38 0	„ 40 0
From MESSRS. DEUTZ AND GELDERMANN AYEN CHAMPAGNE.		
Goldlack, extra............	Rs. 40 0	..
STILL HOCKS. From J. M. PABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.		
Laubenheimer............	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Deidesheimer	„ 16 0	„ 19 0
Geisenheimer	„ 17 0	„ ...
Leibfraumilch	„ 21 0	„ 24 0
Steinwein	„ 21 0	„ ...
Hochheimer Berg............	„ 25 0	„ 28 0
Rudesheimer	„ 25 0	„ ...
Marcobrunner	„ 28 0	„ 31 0
Queen Victoria Berg	„ 34 0	„ ...
From OTTO PRUMM, MAYENCE		
Moselblümchen	Rs. ...	Rs. 15 0
Niersteiner............	„ ..	„ 15 0
Hochheimer	„ ..	„ 18 0
Brauneberger	„ 15 0	„ ...
Liebfraumilch	„ ..	„ 21 0
Berncasteler-Rosenberg	„ 18 0	„ 21 0
Josefhofer	„ 28 0	„ ...
Oberemmeler-Rosenberg	„ 28 0	„ 31 0
Steinberger............	„ 28 0	„ 31 0
Scharzhofberger	„ 34 0	„ 37 0
Johannisberger	„ 35 0	„ 38 0
FRENCH WHITE WINES. From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.		
Sauterne	Rs. 18 0	...
CLARETS. From MESSRS H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.		
Medoc	Rs. 10 8	..
Chateau de Frauds	„ 13 0	Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc............	„ 14 0	..
Les Canons	„ 16 0	„ 18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun	„ 18 0	..
Chateau Leoville	„ 19 0	...
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Third do. .... „ 2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions...... 2½ As. lines, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight line.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which be to the inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion............8 As. per line.
Second do............ 4½ „ „
Third and succeeding.....2½ „ „
In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as ... Small Sales, Business Cards, Situation, Wanted, or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to the ..., Change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines ....Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line .... „ 0-8

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged on at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than one *Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
BI-WEEKLY EDITION

TO SUBSCRIBERS

BOMBAY.		UP-COUNTRY	
Per Annum........	Rs. 12	Per Annum........	Rs. 15 0
Half-yearly........	„ 6	Half-yearly	„ 7 8
Quarterly........	„ 3	Quarterly........	„ 3 12

BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY

Post Free.

Per Annum............Rs. 12
Half-yearly............ „ 6
Quarterly .... „ 3

BOMBAY GAZETTE
WEEKLY BUDGET.

Post Free.

Per Annum............Rs 12
Half-yearly............ „ 6
Quarterly .... „ 3

ALL CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

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